

L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
-	200	fujiwara and bus	JPO	2003/12/22 19:55
-	0	fujiwara and makaoto and bus	JPO	2003/12/22 19:55
-	678	fujiwara and makoto	JPO	2003/12/22 19:55
-	3	fujiwara and makoto and bus	JPO	2003/12/22 20:19
-	165	bus\$2 and collision\$1 and (queue\$1 or	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:20
		fifo\$1) and database\$1 and librar\$3 and	US-PGPUB;	
		(simulat\$4 or model\$1) and (ic\$1 or	EPO; JPO;	
		circuit\$1)	IBM_TDB	
-	179	(fujiwara and bus) and @ad<20001106	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:21
			US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			IBM_TDB	•
-	0	((fujiwara and bus) and @ad<20001106) and	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:21
		(database\$1 same librar\$4)	US-PGPUB;	
			EPO; JPO;	
			IBM_TDB	
-	127	,	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:21
		fifo\$1) and database\$1 and librar\$3 and	US-PGPUB;	
		(simulat\$4 or model\$1) and (ic\$1 or	EPO; JPO;	
		circuit\$1)) and @ad<20001106	IBM_TDB	
-	1	(((bus\$2 and collision\$1 and (queue\$1 or	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:21
		fifo\$1) and database\$1 and librar\$3 and	US-PGPUB;	
		(simulat\$4 or model\$1) and (ic\$1 or	EPO; JPO;	
		circuit\$1)) and @ad<20001106) and	IBM_TDB	
		(database\$1 same librar\$4)) and (bus\$2 same		
		collision\$2)		
-	51	((bus\$2 and collision\$1 and (queue\$1 or	USPAT;	2003/12/22 20:22
		fifo\$1) and database\$1 and librar\$3 and	US-PGPUB;	
		(simulat\$4 or model\$1) and (ic\$1 or	EPO; JPO;	
		circuit\$1)) and @ad<20001106) and	IBM_TDB	
		(database\$1 same librar\$4)		

Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 
The ACM Digital Library The Guide

bus and collision\* and (queue or fifo) and database\* and librar

SEARCH



Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used

bus and collision and queue or fifo and database and librar and simulat or model and ic or circuit

Found 2.876 of 125,779

Sort results by



Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Display expanded form results

Open results in a new window

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Best 200 shown

Relevance scale

Contents of the Computer Communication Review 1970–1994 David Oran

base language for describing complex systems; ...

January 1995 ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, Volume 25 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(1.75 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, index terms

2 An extensible object-oriented mixed-mod functional simulation system Richard H. Lathrop, Robert S. Kirk June 1985 Proceedings of the 22nd ACM/IEEE conference on Design automation

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(936.09 KB)

terms A LISP-based functional simulation system supporting a general concept of function and abstraction is described. SIMMER was developed primarily to support research into the relation of structure to function and associated description languages, and also to provide assistance to the designer analyzing especially difficult circuits. It consists of a general object-oriented message-passing functional simulator; a user-extensible intermediate-level

A hierarchical modeling framework for on-chip communication architectures Xinping Zhu, Sharad Malik

November 2002 Proceedings of the 2002 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(124.52 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The communication sub-system of complex IC systems is increasingly critical for achieving system performance. Given this, it is important that the on-chip communication architecture should be included in any quantitative evaluation of system design during design space exploration. While there are several mature methodologies for the modeling and evaluation of architectures of processing elements, there is relatively little work done in modeling of an extensive range of on-chip communication arch ...

High-speed local area networks and their performance: a survey Bandula W. Abeysundara, Ahmed E. Kamal

### June 1991 ACM C mputing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 23 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(3.83 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

At high data transmission rates, the packet transmission time of a local area network (LAN) could become comparable to or less than the medium propagation delay. The performance of many LAN schemes degrades rapidly when the packet transmission time becomes small comparative to the medium propagation delay. This paper introduces LANs and discusses the performance degradation of LANs at high speeds. It surveys recently proposed LAN schemes designed to operate at high data rates, including the ...

Keywords: access schemes, computer networks, data communication, medium access protocols, optical fiber networks

5	Computer simulation of communications on the space station data management
	system

December 1987 Proceedings of the 19th conference on Winter simulation

J. R. Agre, J. A. Clarke, M. W. Atkinson, I. H. Shahnawaz

Full text available: pdf(1.32 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

A discrete event simulation model for performance evaluation of various alternatives in the design of the communication system on the Data Management System (DMS) of the space station has been developed. DMS.SIM, the SIMSCRIPT-based model of DMS consists of two components: (I) The communication architecture model of multiple, interconnected, fiberoptic, local area networks (LANs) where the LAN access protocol is either token-bus or a version of CSMA/CD with deterministic collision ...

IRIS performer: a high performance multiprocessing toolkit for real-time 3D graphics John Rohlf, James Helman

July 1994 Proceedings of the 21st annual conference on Computer graphics and interactive techniques

哥 ps(9.32 MB)

Full text available: pdf(633.11 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper describes the design and implementation of IRIS Performer, a toolkit for visual simulation, virtual reality, and other real-time 3D graphics applications. The principal design goal is to allow application developers to more easily obtain maximal performance from 3D graphics workstations which feature multiple CPUs and support an immediate-mode rendering library. To this end, the toolkit combines a low-level library for high-performance rendering with a high-level library that imp ...

7 Lower bounds for wait-free computation in message-passing systems M. Herlihy, Mark R. Tuttle

August 1990 Proceedings of the ninth annual ACM symposium on Principles of distributed computing

Full text available: pdf(1.88 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

A parallel processor architecture for graphics arithmetic operations John G. Torborg

August 1987 ACM SIGGRAPH C mputer Graphics, Proceedings of the 14th annual c nference n C mputer graphics and interactive techniques, Volume 21 Issue

Full text available: pdf(1.18 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

9	Using channel state dependent packet scheduling to improve TCP throughput over wireless LANs	
	Pravin Bhagwat, Partha Bhattacharya, Arvind Krishma, Satish K. Tripathi March 1997 <b>Wireless Networks</b> , Volume 3 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(541.97 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	In recent years, a variety of mobile computers equipped with wireless communication devices have become popular. These computers use applications and protocols, originally developed for wired desktop hosts, to communicate over wireless channels. Unlike wired networks, packets transmitted on wireless channels are often subject to burst errors which cause back to back packet losses. In this paper we study the effect of burst packet errors and error recovery mechanisms employed in wireless MAC	
10	MemorIES: a programmable, real-time hardware emulation tool for multiprocessor	
	<u>Server design</u> Ashwini Nanda, Kwok-Ken Mak, Krishnan Sugavanam, Ramendra K. Sahoo, Vijayaraghavan Soundararajan, T. Basil Smith November 2000 <b>ACM SIGPLAN Notices</b> , Volume 35 Issue 11	
	Full text available: pdf(1.84 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	Modern system design often requires multiple levels of simulation for design validation and performance debugging. However, while machines have gotten faster, and simulators have become more detailed, simulation speeds have not tracked machine speeds. As a result, it is difficult to simulate realistic problem sizes and hardware configurations for a target machine. Instead, researchers have focussed on developing scaling methodologies and running smaller problem sizes and configurations that atte	•
11	IS '97: model curriculum and guidelines for undergraduate degree programs in	
	<u>information systems</u> Gordon B. Davis, John T. Gorgone, J. Daniel Couger, David L. Feinstein, Herbert E.	
	Longenecker	
	December 1997 ACM SIGMIS Database, Guidelines for undergraduate degree programs on Model curriculum and guidelines for undergraduate degree programs in information systems, Volume 28 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(7.24 MB) Additional Information: full citation, citings	
12	Practical byzantine fault tolerance and proactive recovery  Miguel Castro, Barbara Liskov	
	November 2002 ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS), Volume 20 Issue 4  Full text available: Todf(1.63 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms,	
	review	
	Our growing reliance on online consists acceptible on the Internal device de bight and the	

Our growing reliance on online services accessible on the Internet demands highly available systems that provide correct service without interruptions. Software bugs, operator mistakes, and malicious attacks are a major cause of service interruptions and they can cause arbitrary behavior, that is, Byzantine faults. This article describes a new replication algorithm, BFT, that can be used to build highly available systems that tolerate Byzantine faults. BFT can be used in practice to implement re ...

Keywords: Byzantine fault tolerance, asynchronous systems, proactive recovery, state machine replication, state transfer

_	
13 Balancing push and pull for data broadcast	
Swarup Acharya, Michael Franklin, Stanley Zdonik	
June 1997 ACM SIGMOD Rec rd , Pr ceedings of the 1997 ACM SIGMOD internati nal conference on Management of data, Volume 26 Issue 2	
Additional Information, full citation, abstract, references, citings, index	
Full text available:     part   1.79   wis   terms	
The increasing ability to interconnect computers through internet-working, wireless networks, high-bandwidth satellite, and cable networks has spawned a new class of information-centered applications based on data dissemination. These applications employ broadcast to deliver data to very large client populations. We have proposed the Broadcast Disks paradigm [Zdon94, Acha95b] for organizing the contents of a data broadcast program and for managing client resources in respon	
14 A framework for the performance analysis of concurrent B-tree algorithms	_
Theodore Johnson, Dennis Shasha April 1990 Proceedings of the ninth ACM SIGACT-SIGMOD-SIGART symposium on	
Principles of database systems	
Full text available: pdf(1.46 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
Many concurrent B-tree algorithms have been proposed, but they have not yet been satisfactorily analyzed. When transaction processing systems require high levels of concurrency, a restrictive serialization technique on the B-tree index can cause a bottleneck. In this paper, we present a framework for constructing analytical performance models of concurrent B-tree algorithms. The models can predict the response time and maximum throughput. We analyze three algorithms: Naive Lock-coupling, Op	
15 U-Net: a user-level network interface for parallel and distributed computing (includes	
<u>URL)</u>	
T. von Eicken, A. Basu, V. Buch, W. Vogels December 1995 ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review, Proceedings of the fifteenth	
ACM symposium on Operating systems principles, Volume 29 Issue 5	
Full text available: pdf(1.84 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms	
16 Impact of hardware interconnection structures on the performance of decentralized software Robert J. Souza, Edward E. Balkovich May 1981 Proceedings of the 8th annual symposium on Computer Architecture	_
Full text available: pdf(505.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
The results of an investigation of the relationship between software structure, hardware interconnect structure, and the performance of decentralized computer systems are presented in this paper. Programs written in a language that has the salient features of most languages suggested for decentralized software were analyzed using trace-driven simulation. Results indicate that reasonable performance may be obtained at relatively low bandwidths using typical decentralized interconnect structu	
17 RASSP virtual prototyping of DSP systems C. Hein, J. Pridgen, W. Kline June 1997 Proceedings of the 34th appual conference in Design automation	_

conference

Results (page 1): bus and collision and	d (queue or fifo) and databa	ase* and (si Page 5 of	f <b>5</b>
Full text available: pdf(128.85 KB)	Additional Information: <u>full citation,</u>	references, index terms	
18 NETWORK II.5 tutorial (tutorial William J. Garrison December 1990 Proceedings of the	ne 22nd conference on W	inter simulation	
Full text available: 🔁 pdf(315.24 KB) A	Additional Information: <u>full citation,</u>	references, index terms	
19 A fiber optic hypermesh for SIM Ted Szymanski November 1990 <b>Proceedings of th</b>		rence on Supercomputing	]
Full text available: 🔁 pdf(1.41 MB)			
A fiber optic multidimensional m proposed. For the basic building switch requires 50 % fewer lase novel random-access scheme where the subject of the propose arranging switches into	block, a novel distributed ors/receivers than previous which supports prioritized traited tunability (or electronic co	optical switch is proposed; The WDM optical crossbars and uses a ffic. To implement very large	
20 Simulation modelling support vi	a network based concept	<u>s</u>	
Stephen C. Mathewson December 1990 <b>Proceedings of th</b>	ne 22nd conference on W	inter simulation	
Full text available: pdf(953.01 KB) A	Additional Information: <u>full citation,</u>	references, citings, index terms	
Results 1 - 20 of 200 R	esult page: <b>1</b> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u>	5 <u>6 7 8 9 10 next</u>	
	e Association for Computing Mach	ninery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc. s Contact Us	

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat Q QuickTime Windows Media Player Real Player



Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 

The ACM Digital Library O The Guide

US Patent & Trademark Office

SEARCH



Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Similar to: A hierarchical modeling framework for on-chip communication architectures

Found 200 of 125,779

Sort results

relevance ..... by

Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Display results

expanded form

Open results in a new

window

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Relevance scale

Interface-based design

James A. Rowson, Alberto Sangiovanni-Vincentelli

June 1997 Proceedings of the 34th annual conference on Design automation conference

Full text available: pdf(81.46 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

2 Design of complex systems with a VHDL based methodology

S. Amadori, P. Coerezza

November 1992 Proceedings of the conference on European design automation

Full text available: pdf(525.28 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

Operating system based software generation for systems-on-chip Dirk Desmet, D. Verkest, Hugo De Man June 2000 Proceedings of the 37th conference on Design automation

Full text available: pdf(65.66 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

In this paper we propose a system-level design environment, aimed at System-on-Chip (SOC) designs, including real-time embedded software. While many SOC modeling languages originate from hardware description languages, and thus tend to describe statical architectures, we observe that embedded software makes SOC designs essentially dynamic, and so a SOC modeling environment must include dynamic behavior. Such behavior is analogous to the services an Operating System offers in the software wo ...

4 High level and architectural synthesis: An object-oriented design process for systemon-chip using UML

Qiang Zhu, Akio Matsuda, Shinya Kuwamura, Tsuneo Nakata, Minoru Shoji October 2002 Proceedings f the 15th internati nal symposium on System Synthesis

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(254.87 KB)

The object-oriented design process has been a hot topic in software development since it will improve product quality and productivity significantly, which is also a major issue in

system-on-chip design. In this paper, a design process is proposed for hardware-software heterogeneous systems by reinforcing parallelism, structure, and timing. The management of design abstraction is also introduced for refinement of hardware. UML is used as a modeling language, and the reinforcement above is gracef ...

**Keywords**: UML, design process, object-oriented analysis and design, system level design, system level performance evaluation

5 Special Session on Design Paradigms: SystemC: a modeling platform supporting multiple design abstractions



Preeti Ranian Panda

September 2001 Proceedings of the 14th international symposium on Systems synthesis

Full text available: pdf(103.89 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

SystemC is a C++ based modeling platform supporting design abstractions at the registertransfer, behavioral, and system levels. Consisting of a class library and a simulation kernel, the language is an attempt at standardization of a C/C++ design methodology, and is supported by the Open SystemC Initiative (OSCI), a consortium of a wide range of system houses, semiconductor companies, Intellectual property (IP) providers, embedded software developers, and design automation tool vendors. The adv ...

Keywords: C/C++ based design, SystemC, hardware description language, system level design

6 Simulation and verification: A new performance evaluation approach for system level design space exploration



C. P. Joshi, Anshul Kumar, M. Balakrishnan

October 2002 Proceedings of the 15th international symposium on System Synthesis

Full text available: pdf(168.41 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Application specific systems have potential for customization of design with a view to achieve a better cost-performance-power trade-off. Such customization requires extensive design space exploration. In this paper, we introduce a performance evaluation methodology for system-level design exploration that is much faster than traditional cycle-accurate simulation. The trade off is between accuracy and simulation speed. The methodology is based on probabilistic modeling of system components custo ...

**Keywords**: design space exploration, statistical simulation, system level design

Concurrent software system design supported by SARA at the age of one Ivan M. Campos, Gerald Estrin



May 1978 Proceedings of the 3rd international conference on Software engineering

Full text available: pdf(984.11 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper presents a multilevel modeling method suitable for the design of concurrent hardware or software systems. The methodology is requirement driven and uses tools incorporated in a programming system called SARA (Systems ARchitect's Apprentice). Both top down refinement and bottom up abstraction are supported. The design of an asynchronous sender receiver illustrates the key steps in going smoothly from programming in the large to programming in the small or actual code. The same met ...

Keywords: Bottom-up, Concurrent, Software design, Top-down

Practical experiences: System-level modeling of a network switch SoC JoAnn M. Paul, Christopher P. Andrews, Andrew S. Cassidy, Donald E. Thomas October 2002 Pr ceedings f the 15th international symp sium n System Synthesis



We present the modeling of the high-level design of a next generation network switch from the perspective of a Computer-Aided Design (CAD) team within the larger context of a design team consisting of an experienced network switch designer and an experienced VLSI hardware designer. After facilitating the design process, the CAD team observed how designers approach high-level designs, beyond RTL. We motivate the need for CAD support that allows designers to effectively manipulate what we refer to ...

**Keywords**: computer-aided design, memory visualization level design, network switch, performance modeling, system modeling

Software development in a hardware simulation environment

Benny Schnaider, Einat Yogev

June 1996 Proceedings of the 33rd annual conference on Design automation conference

Full text available: pdf(42.68 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

10 System-level power/performance analysis for embedded systems design
Amit Nandi, Radu Marculescu

June 2001 Proceedings of the 38th conference on Design automation

Full text available: pdf(207.21 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper presents a formal technique for system-level power/performance analysis that can help the designer to select the right platform starting from a set of target applications. By platform we mean a family of heterogeneous architectures that satisfy a set of architectural constraints imposed to allow re-use of hardware and software components. More precisely, we introduce the Stochastic Automata Networks (SANs) as an effective formalism for average-case analysis that can be used early ...

**Keywords**: multimedia systems, platform-based design, stochastic automata networks, system-level analysis

11 <u>Using analytical and simulation modeling for early factory prototyping</u>
Jeanette G. Nymon

December 1987 Proceedings of the 19th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(282.62 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, citings, index terms

Simulation and modeling needs became apparent early in the design of a Greenfield manufacturing facility, especially in the areas of factory floor design support and in factory floor scheduling. Simulation packages were introduced to this project earlier than normal to help drive the design, rather than waiting for the facility design to drive the system development. Time constraint was another reason for the early development of the prototypes; the models and scheduling systems will be tai ...

12 Advances in system modeling: Transaction level modeling: an overview Lukai Cai, Daniel Gajski



Full text available: pdf(150.94 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Recently, the transaction-level modeling has been widely referred to in system-level design community. However, the transaction-level models(TLMs) are not well defined and the usage of TLMs in the existing design domains, namely modeling, validation, refinement, exploration, and synthesis, is not well coordinated. This paper introduces a TLM taxonomy and compares the benefits of TLMs' use.

Keywords: exploration, modeling, refinement, synthesis, transaction level model, validation

13 Design-time simulation of a large-scale, distributed object system Svend Frølund, Pankaj Garg

October 1998 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 8 Issue 4

Full text available: pdf(896.93 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

We present a case study in using simulation at design time to predict the performance and scalability properties of a large-scale distributed object system. The system, called Consul. is a network management system designing to support hundreds of operators managing millions of network devices. It is essential that a system such as Consul be designed with performance and scalability in mind, but due to Consul's complexity and scale, it is hard to reason about performance and scalability us ...

**Keywords**: distributed object systems design, performance modeling, relative reasoning. scalability analysis

14 From System Specification To Layout: Seamless Top-Down Design Methods for Analog and Mixed-Signal Applications

R. Sommer, I. Rugen-Herzig, E. Hennig, U. Gatti, P. Malcovati, F. Maloberti, K. Einwich, C. Clauss, P. Schwarz, G. Noessing

March 2002 Proceedings of the conference on Design, automation and test in Europe

Full text available: pdf(462.49 KB) **Publisher Site** 

Additional Information: full citation, abstract

Deisgn automation for analog/mixed-signal (A/MS) circuits and systems is still lagging behind compared to what has been reached in the digital area. As System-on-Chip (SoC) designs include analog components in more cases, these analog parts become even more a bottle neck in the overall design process. The paper is dedicated to latest R&D activities within the MEDEA+ project ANASTASIA+. Main focus will be the development of seamless top-down design methods for integrated analog and misx-signal syste ...

15 Verification, validation and accreditation: Well-defined intended uses: an explicit requirement for accreditation of modeling and simulation applications Osman Balci, William F. Ormsby

December 2000 Pr ceedings f the 32nd c nference on Winter simulati n

Full text available: pdf(229.19 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings

A modeling and simulation (M&S) application is built for a specific purpose and its acceptability assessment is carried out with respect to that purpose. The accreditation





decision for an M&S application is also made with respect to that purpose. The purpose is commonly expressed in terms of "intended uses." The quality of expressing the intended uses significantly affects the quality of the acceptability assessment as well as the quality of making the accreditation decision. The purpose of this ...

16 Simulation hierarchy for microprocessor design

Will Sherwood

February 1977 Proceedings of the Symposium on Design Automation and **Microprocessors** 

Full text available: pdf(434.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

There are many levels of abstraction through which a designer passes when implementing a microprocessor chip set or system. He usually begins by configuring the application for the microprocessor, bus, and peripherals (memory, etc.). Section at a time, he expands the system components into a Register Transfer level diagram, followed by a detailed chip or gate description. This paper will show how a hierarchical simulator aids each phase in the design by modeling elements at all levels from ...

**Keywords**: Computer aided design, Gate level, Hierarchical simulation, Microprocessors, PMS, Register transfer level, Software breadboard

17 Improving the aircraft design process using Web-based modeling and simulation John A. Reed, Gregory J. Follen, Abdollah A. Afjeh January 2000 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS),

Volume 10 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(1.06 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Designing and developing new aircraft systems is time-consuming and expensive. Computational simulation is a promising means for reducing design cycle times, but requires a flexible software environment capable of integrating advanced multidisciplinary and multifidelity analysis methods, dynamically managing data across heterogeneous computing platforms, and distributing computationally complex tasks. Web-based simulation, with its emphasis on collaborative composition of simulation models, ...

Keywords: Java, Web-based simulation, aircraft design, object-oriented

18 Increasing first pass accuracy of AMHS simulation output using legacy data Scott Wu, John Rayter, Igor Paprotny, Gerald T. Mackulak, Joakim Yngve December 1999 Proceedings of the 31st conference on Winter simulation: Simulation--a bridge to the future - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(109.21 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

19 Special interest group: Use cases in task modeling and user interface design Larry L. Constantine, Lucy A. D. Lockwood May 1999 CHI '99 extended abstracts on Human factors in computer systems

Full text available: pdf(106.01 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references

Use cases are increasingly recognized as a particularly versatile form of task model. Use cases are related to scenarios, which have a long history of application to computer-human interaction [2], but may offer distinct advantages. A use case comprises a single case of use of a system that is complete, well-defined, and meaningful from the perspective of an external user [5,8]. Concrete instances of multiple use cases can be combined into plausible sequences to form the narrative vignettes usua ...













Keyw rds: essential models, goal-driven design, model-driven design, scenarios, task modeling, use cases, user intentions

20 How Modeling Methods Affect the Process of Architectural Design Decisions: A Comparative Study



Tetsuo Tamai

March 1996 Proceedings of the 8th International Workshop on Software Specification and Design



Additional Information: full citation, abstract

A number of modeling methods have been proposed and practiced for the analysis process of software development. As many modeling methods cover the design process as well, it would be natural to ask how those methods affect the critical decisions made during the transition phase from the analysis to the architectural design, but little research activities seem to be visible tackling this problem. The reasons might be the difficulties of finding an appropriate approach and an appropriate compariso ...

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: **1** <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u>

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright @ 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us











Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: The ACM Digital Library The Guide

bus and collision\* and (queue or fifo) and database\* and librar

SEARCH

4: MONOGO A. . ### 28

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used

bus and collision and queue or fifo and database and librar and simulat or model and ic or circuit

Found **2,876** of **125,779** 

Sort results by

relevence 💆

Save results to a Binder

Search Tips

Try an <u>Advanced Search</u>
Try this search in <u>The ACM Guide</u>

Display expanded form p

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Open results in a new window

Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 next

Best 200 shown Relevance scale □ □ ■ ■

Contents of the Computer Communication Review 1970–1994 David Oran

January 1995 ACM SIGCOMM Computer Communication Review, Volume 25 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(1.75 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, index terms

2 An extensible object-oriented mixed-mod functional simulation system Richard H. Lathrop, Robert S. Kirk June 1985 Proceedings of the 22nd ACM/IEEE conference on Design automation

Full text available: pdf(936.09 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

A LISP-based functional simulation system supporting a general concept of function and abstraction is described. SIMMER was developed primarily to support research into the relation of structure to function and associated description languages, and also to provide assistance to the designer analyzing especially difficult circuits. It consists of a general object-oriented message-passing functional simulator; a user-extensible intermediate-level base language for describing complex systems; ...

A hierarchical modeling framework for on-chip communication architectures

Xinping Zhu, Sharad Malik

November 2002 Proceedings of the 2002 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(124.52 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

The communication sub-system of complex IC systems is increasingly critical for achieving system performance. Given this, it is important that the on-chip communication architecture should be included in any quantitative evaluation of system design during design space exploration. While there are several mature methodologies for the modeling and evaluation of architectures of processing elements, there is relatively little work done in modeling of an extensive range of on-chip communication arch ...

High-speed local area networks and their performance: a survey Bandula W. Abeysundara, Ahmed E. Kamal

June 1991	ACM	Computing	Surveys	(CSUR),	Volume 23 Issue 2
-----------	-----	-----------	---------	---------	-------------------

Full text available: pdf(3.83 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

At high data transmission rates, the packet transmission time of a local area network (LAN) could become comparable to or less than the medium propagation delay. The performance of many LAN schemes degrades rapidly when the packet transmission time becomes small comparative to the medium propagation delay. This paper introduces LANs and discusses the performance degradation of LANs at high speeds. It surveys recently proposed LAN schemes designed to operate at high data rates, including the ...

Keywords: access schemes, computer networks, data communication, medium access protocols, optical fiber networks

5	Computer simulation of communications on the space station data management
	system

J. R. Agre, J. A. Clarke, M. W. Atkinson, I. H. Shahnawaz December 1987 Proceedings of the 19th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(1.32 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

A discrete event simulation model for performance evaluation of various alternatives in the design of the communication system on the Data Management System (DMS) of the space station has been developed. DMS.SIM, the SIMSCRIPT-based model of DMS consists of two components: (I) The communication architecture model of multiple, interconnected, fiberoptic, local area networks (LANs) where the LAN access protocol is either token-bus or a version of CSMA/CD with deterministic collision ...

IRIS performer: a high performance multiprocessing toolkit for real-time 3D graphics John Rohlf, James Helman

July 1994 Proceedings of the 21st annual conference on Computer graphics and interactive techniques

**事 ps(9.32 MB)** 

Full text available: pdf(633.11 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper describes the design and implementation of IRIS Performer, a toolkit for visual simulation, virtual reality, and other real-time 3D graphics applications. The principal design goal is to allow application developers to more easily obtain maximal performance from 3D graphics workstations which feature multiple CPUs and support an immediate-mode rendering library. To this end, the toolkit combines a low-level library for high-performance rendering with a high-level library that imp ...

7 Lower bounds for wait-free computation in message-passing systems

M. Herlihy, Mark R. Tuttle

August 1990 Proceedings of the ninth annual ACM symposium on Principles of distributed computing

Full text available: pdf(1.88 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

A parallel processor architecture for graphics arithmetic operations John G. Torborg

August 1987 ACM SIGGRAPH C mputer Graphics, Pr ceedings f the 14th annual c nference n C mputer graphics and interactive techniques, Volume 21 Issue

Full text available: pdf(1.18 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

9	Using channel state dependent packet scheduling to improve TCP throughput over
	wireless LANs
	Pravin Bhagwat, Partha Bhattacharya, Arvind Krishma, Satish K. Tripathi
	March 1997 Wireless Networks Volume 3 Issue 1

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> Full text available: pdf(541.97 KB)

In recent years, a variety of mobile computers equipped with wireless communication devices have become popular. These computers use applications and protocols, originally developed for wired desktop hosts, to communicate over wireless channels. Unlike wired networks, packets transmitted on wireless channels are often subject to burst errors which cause back to back packet losses. In this paper we study the effect of burst packet errors and error recovery mechanisms employed in wireless MAC ...

10 MemorIES: a programmable, real-time hardware emulation tool for multiprocessor server design

Ashwini Nanda, Kwok-Ken Mak, Krishnan Sugavanam, Ramendra K. Sahoo, Vijayaraghavan Soundararajan, T. Basil Smith

November 2000 ACM SIGPLAN Notices, Volume 35 Issue 11

Full text available: pdf(1.84 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Modern system design often requires multiple levels of simulation for design validation and performance debugging. However, while machines have gotten faster, and simulators have become more detailed, simulation speeds have not tracked machine speeds. As a result, it is difficult to simulate realistic problem sizes and hardware configurations for a target machine. Instead, researchers have focussed on developing scaling methodologies and running smaller problem sizes and configurations that atte ...

11 IS '97: model curriculum and quidelines for undergraduate degree programs in information systems

Gordon B. Davis, John T. Gorgone, J. Daniel Couger, David L. Feinstein, Herbert E. Longenecker

December 1997 ACM SIGMIS Database, Guidelines for undergraduate degree programs on Model curriculum and guidelines for undergraduate degree programs in information systems, Volume 28 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(7.24 MB) Additional Information: full citation, citings

12 Practical byzantine fault tolerance and proactive recovery

Miguel Castro, Barbara Liskov

November 2002 ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS), Volume 20 Issue 4

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms, Full text available: pdf(1.63 MB) review

Our growing reliance on online services accessible on the Internet demands highly available systems that provide correct service without interruptions. Software bugs, operator mistakes, and malicious attacks are a major cause of service interruptions and they can cause arbitrary behavior, that is, Byzantine faults. This article describes a new replication algorithm, BFT, that can be used to build highly available systems that tolerate Byzantine faults. BFT can be used in practice to implement re ...

**Keywords**: Byzantine fault tolerance, asynchronous systems, proactive recovery, state machine replication, state transfer

Results (page 1): bus and collision* and (queue or fifo) and database* and librar and (si Pa	ge 4 of 5
--	-----------

13 Balancing push and pull for data broadcast Swarup Acharya, Michael Franklin, Stanley Zdonik
June 1997 ACM SIGMOD Rec rd , Pr ceedings f the 1997 ACM SIGMOD international
conference on Management of data, Volume 26 Issue 2
Full text available: pdf(1.79 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms
The increasing ability to interconnect computers through internet-working, wireless networks, high-bandwidth satellite, and cable networks has spawned a new class of information-centered applications based on data dissemination. These applications employ broadcast to deliver data to very large client populations. We have proposed the Broadcast Disks paradigm [Zdon94, Acha95b] for organizing the contents of a data broadcast program and for managing client resources in respon
14 A framework for the performance analysis of concurrent B-tree algorithms
Theodore Johnson, Dennis Shasha April 1990 Proceedings of the ninth ACM SIGACT-SIGMOD-SIGART symposium on
Principles of database systems
Full text available: pdf(1.46 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms
Many concurrent B-tree algorithms have been proposed, but they have not yet been satisfactorily analyzed. When transaction processing systems require high levels of concurrency, a restrictive serialization technique on the B-tree index can cause a bottleneck. In this paper, we present a framework for constructing analytical performance models of concurrent B-tree algorithms. The models can predict the response time and maximum throughput. We analyze three algorithms: Naive Lock-coupling, Op
15 U-Net: a user-level network interface for parallel and distributed computing (includes
URL) T. von Eicken, A. Basu, V. Buch, W. Vogels December 1995 ACM SIGOPS Operating Systems Review, Proceedings of the fifteenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles, Volume 29 Issue 5 Full text available: pdf(1.84 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms
16 Impact of hardware interconnection structures on the performance of decentralized
software Robert J. Souza, Edward E. Balkovich May 1981 Proceedings of the 8th annual symposium on Computer Architecture
Full text available: 🔁 pdf(505.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms
The results of an investigation of the relationship between software structure, hardware interconnect structure, and the performance of decentralized computer systems are presented in this paper. Programs written in a language that has the salient features of most languages suggested for decentralized software were analyzed using trace-driven simulation. Results indicate that reasonable performance may be obtained at relatively low bandwidths using typical decentralized interconnect structu
17 RASSP virtual prototyping of DSP systems  C. Hein, J. Pridgen, W. Kline  June 1997 Pr ceedings of the 34th annual conference on Design aut mation conference

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat QuickTime Windows Media Player

Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: The ACM Digital Library © The Guide

US Patent & Trademark Office

SEARCH



Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Similar to: Design of complex systems with a VHDL based methodology

Found 200 of 125,779

Sort results

by Display

Results 1 - 20 of 200

relevance .... expanded form

Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Open results in a new results

window

Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Relevance scale

Modeling methodology for integrated simulation of embedded systems

Akos Ledeczi, James Davis, Sandeep Neema, Aditya Agrawal January 2003 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS). Volume 13 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(951.86 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Developing a single embedded application involves a multitude of different development tools including several different simulators. Most tools use different abstractions, have their own formalisms to represent the system under development, utilize different input and output data formats, and have their own semantics. A unified environment that allows capturing the system in one place and one that drives all necessary simulators and analysis tools from this shared representation needs a common r ...

Keywords: Simulation, domain specific languages, metamodeling, model integrated computing, modeling, simulation integration

A hierarchical modeling framework for on-chip communication architectures Xinping Zhu, Sharad Malik

November 2002 Proceedings of the 2002 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(124.52 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The communication sub-system of complex IC systems is increasingly critical for achieving system performance. Given this, it is important that the on-chip communication architecture should be included in any quantitative evaluation of system design during design space exploration. While there are several mature methodologies for the modeling and evaluation of architectures of processing elements, there is relatively little work done in modeling of an extensive range of on-chip communication arch ...

Introduction to simulation

Robert E. Shannon

December 1992 Proceedings f the 24th conference on Winter simulati n

Full text available: pdf(947.25 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

4 Simulation and verification: A new performance evaluation approach for system level design space exploration



C. P. Joshi, Anshul Kumar, M. Balakrishnan

October 2002 Proceedings of the 15th international symp sium n System Synthesis

Application specific systems have potential for customization of design with a view to achieve a better cost-performance-power trade-off. Such customization requires extensive design space exploration. In this paper, we introduce a performance evaluation methodology for system-level design exploration that is much faster than traditional cycle-accurate simulation. The trade off is between accuracy and simulation speed. The methodology is based on probabilistic modeling of system components custo ...

Keywords: design space exploration, statistical simulation, system level design

Improving the aircraft design process using Web-based modeling and simulation John A. Reed, Gregory J. Follen, Abdollah A. Afjeh January 2000 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS),



Volume 10 Issue 1 Full text available: pdf(1.06 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Designing and developing new aircraft systems is time-consuming and expensive. Computational simulation is a promising means for reducing design cycle times, but requires a flexible software environment capable of integrating advanced multidisciplinary and multifidelity analysis methods, dynamically managing data across heterogeneous computing platforms, and distributing computationally complex tasks. Web-based simulation, with its emphasis on collaborative composition of simulation models, ...

Keywords: Java, Web-based simulation, aircraft design, object-oriented

Concepts for production modeling systems based on multiple user types Charles R. Standridge, Martha A. Centeno December 1991 Proceedings of the 23rd conference on Winter simulation Full text available: pdf(693.13 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms



7 Cycle and phase accurate DSP modeling and integration for HW/SW co-verification Lisa Guerra, Joachim Fitzner, Dipankar Talukdar, Chris Schläger, Bassam Tabbara, Vojin Zivoinovic



June 1999 Proceedings of the 36th ACM/IEEE conference on Design automation conference

Full text available: pdf(455.90 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

A new concept for accurate modeling of VLSI interconnections and its application for timing simulation



B. Wunder, G. Lehmann, K. Müller-Glaser

September 1996 Proceedings of the conference on Eur pean design aut mati n

Full text available: pdf(415.21 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

9 Rapid design space exploration of heterogeneous embedded systems using symbolic search and multi-granular simulation

S. Mohanty, V. K. Prasanna, S. Neema, J. Davis

June 2002 ACM SIGPLAN N tices, Pr ceedings of the j int c nference n Languages, compilers and to ls for embedded systems: software and compilers for embedded systems, Volume 37 Issue 7

Full text available: ndf(356.42 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

In addition to integrating different Intellectual Property cores, heterogeneous embedded systems provide several architecture knobs such as voltage, operating frequency, configuration, etc. that can be varied to optimize performance. Such flexibilities results in a large design space making system optimization a very challenging task. Moreover, such systems operate in mobile and other power constrained environments. Therefore, in addition to rapid exploration of a large design space a designer h ...

Keywords: binary decision diagram, design space, model integrated computing, modeling, multi-granular simulation, performance estimation, symbolic search

10 An integrated environment for modeling large scale electronics manufacturing Michael G. Ketcham

December 1992 Proceedings of the 24th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(637.14 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

11 Simulation modeling and methodology

Robert E. Shannon

December 1976 Proceedings of the 76 Bicentennial conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(602.19 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Simulation is one of the most powerful analysis tools available to those responsible for the design and/or operation of complex processes or systems. It is heavily based upon computer science, mathematics, probability theory and statistics: yet the process of simulation modeling and experimentation remains very much an intuitive art. Simulation is a very general and somewhat ill-defined subject. For the purpose of this paper, we will define simulation as, "the process of designing a c ...

12 SimJAVA—a framework for modeling queueing networks in Java Wolfgang Kreutzer, Jane Hopkins, Marcel van Mierlo

December 1997 Proceedings of the 29th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(674.89 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

13 Capacity and performance analysis of computer systems

James N. Robinson

December 1994 Proceedings of the 26th conference on Winter simulation

Full t xt availabl : pdf(869.99 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

14 Microprocessor systems modeling with MODLAN

A. Pawlak

June 1983 Pr ceedings f the twentieth design aut mation conference on Design

#### aut mati n

Full text available: pdf(39.75 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms

The paper presents a digital logic modeling system based on MODLAN language. MODLAN, the Hardware Description Language (HDL), is especially useful for hierarchical modeling of microprocessor systems. The modeling system supports both natural design philosophies, i.e., top-down and bottom-up. At each design stage a user is provided with MODLAN language constructs, enabling notation of his design concept and its verification through simulation. A brief presentation of the MODLAN la ...

15 An integrated design environment for performance and dependability analysis Robert H. Klenke, Moshe Meyassed, James H. Aylor, Barry W. Johnson, Ramesh Rao, Anup Ghosh



Full text available: pdf(119.65 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

16 Special Session on Design Paradigms: Interoperability as a design issue in C++ based modeling environments

Frederic Doucet, Rajesh Gupta, Masato Otsuka, Patrick Schaumont, Sandeep Shukla September 2001 Proceedings of the 14th international symposium on Systems synthesis

Full text available: pdf(102.94 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references

The increasing heterogeneity and complexity of VLSI systems has made the use of C++ popular for building simulation and synthesis models at higher levels of abstraction. Currently, there are several different embodiments of C++ based environments, mostly in the form of hardware modeling libraries built on top of C++. However, the semantic gapbetween hardware modeling concepts, and the software programming language constructs, poses several isues which require critical examination. In this ...

17 Advances in system modeling: Transaction level modeling: an overview Lukai Cai, Daniel Gaiski

October 2003 Proceedings of the 1st IEEE/ACM/IFIP international conference on Hardware/software codesign & system synthesis

Full text available: 📆 pdf(150.94 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Recently, the transaction-level modeling has been widely referred to in system-level design community. However, the transaction-level models(TLMs) are not well defined and the usage of TLMs in the existing design domains, namely modeling, validation, refinement. exploration, and synthesis, is not well coordinated. This paper introduces a TLM taxonomy and compares the benefits of TLMs' use.

Keywords: exploration, modeling, refinement, synthesis, transaction level model, validation

18 System design using an integrated specification and performance modeling methodology

A. Sarkar

September 1996 Pr ceedings f the c nference n Eur pean design aut mation

Full text available: pdf(47.81 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms 19 A case study on modeling shared memory access effects during performance analysis of HW/SW systems

Marcello Lajolo, Anand Raghunathan, Sujit Dey, Luciano Lavagno, Alberto Sangiovanni-

March 1998 Pr ceedings of the 6th international workshop n Hardware/s ftware

Full text available: pdf(66.12 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

Publisher Site

<sup>20</sup> Modeling with Extend

David Krahl

November 1996 Proceedings of the 28th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(485.84 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright @ 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat QuickTime Windows Media Player Real Player IEEE HOME | SEARCH IEEE | SHOP | WEB ACCOUNT | CONTACT IEEE



Membership Public	ations/Services Standards Conferences Careers/Jobs	
IEEE )	RELEASE 1.5	elcome nt and Trademark Office
Help FAQ Terms IEE	E Peer Review Quick Links	» Adva
Welcome to IEEE Xplore®  - Home - What Can I Access? - Log-out  Tables of Contents - Journals & Magazines - Conference Proceedings - Standards	1) Enter a single keyword, phrase, or Boolean expression. Example: acoustic imaging (means the phrase acoustic imaging plus any stem variations) 2) Limit your search by using search operators and field codes, if desired. Example: optical <and> (fiber <or> fibre) <in> ti 3) Limit the results by selecting Search Options. 4) Click Search. See Search Examples  bus and collision* and (queue or fifo) and database* and librar* and (simulat* or model*) and (ic or circuit*)</in></or></and>	Search Options: Select publication types:  IEEE Journals IEEE Conference proceed IEEC Conference proceedin IEEE Standards  Select years to search: From year:
Search  - By Author - Basic - Advanced  Member Services - Join IEEE - Establish IEEE Web Account	Note: This function returns plural and suffixed forms of the keyword(s).  Search operators: <and> <or> <not> <in> More  Field codes: au (author), ti (title), ab (abstract), jn (publication name), de (index term) More</in></not></or></and>	Organize search results by Sort by: Relevance In: Descending order List 15 Results per page
O- Access the IEEE Member		

Home | Log-out | Journals | Conference Proceedings | Standards | Search by Author | Basic Search | Advanced Search

Join IEEE | Web Account | New this week | OPAC Linking Information | Your Feedback | Technical Support | Email Alerting No Robots Please |

Release Notes | IEEE Online Publications | Help | FAQ | Terms | Back to Top

Copyright @ 2003 IEEE - All rights reserved

Digital Library



IEEE HOME I SEARCH IEEE I SHOP I WEB ACCOUNT I CONTACT IEEE



Membership Public	cations/Services Stand	ards Conferences	Careers/Jobs	
IEEE,	Xplore®		Welcome United States Patent and Trademark	Office
Help FAQ Terms IE	EEE Peer Review Quite	k Links	D	» Se
Welcome to IEEE Xplore	Your search matche	ed <b>[0]</b> of <b>[99076</b>	<b>5</b> ] documents.	
O- Home O- What Can I Access? O- Log-out	You may refine you a new one the text bus and collision* and	box. Then click se		or entering
Tables of Contents	OR			
O- Journals & Magazines	Use your browser's	back button to re	eturn to your original search pag	e
Conference Proceedings C- Standards	Results:			
Search	No documents matc	hed your query.		
O- By Author O- Basic O- Advanced				
Member Services	1-			
O- Join IEEE O- Establish IEEE Web Account				
O- Access the IEEE Member Digital Library				
□ Print Format				

Home | Log-out | Journals | Conference Proceedings | Standards | Search by Author | Basic Search | Advanced Search | Join IEEE | Web Account | New this week | OPAC Linking Information | Your Feedback | Technical Support | Email Alerting | No Robots Please | Release Notes | IEEE Online Publications | Help | FAQ| Terms | Back to Top

Copyright © 2003 IEEE — All rights reserved



<u>Subscribe</u> (Full Service) <u>Register</u> (Limited Service, Free) <u>Login</u>

Search: The ACM Digital Library The Guide
bus and transaction\* and collision\* and librar\*
SEARCH

THE ACM	DIGITAL	Ĭ.

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used <u>bus</u> and <u>transaction</u> and <u>collision</u> and <u>librar</u>

Found 39,880 of 125,779

Sort
results relevance
by
Display expanded form

Save results to a Binder

Search Tips

Open results in a new

Try an <u>Advanced Search</u>
Try this search in <u>The ACM Guide</u>

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Best 200 shown

results

Result page:  $1 \quad \underline{2} \quad \underline{3} \quad \underline{4} \quad \underline{5} \quad \underline{6} \quad \underline{7} \quad \underline{8} \quad \underline{9} \quad \underline{10} \quad \underline{\text{next}}$ 

Relevance scale 🔲 📟 🖼 🔳

1 The integration of application and system based metrics in a parallel program performance tool



Jeffrey K. Hollingsworth, R. Bruce Irvin, Barton P. Miller

window

April 1991 ACM SIGPLAN Notices, Proceedings of the third ACM SIGPLAN symposium on Principles and practice of parallel programming, Volume 26 Issue 7

Full text available: pdf(1.21 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

2 A microarchitectural performance evaluation of a 3.2 Gbyte/s microprocessor bus



Tim Stanley, Michael Upton, Patrick Sherhart, Trevor Mudge, Richard Brown
December 1993 Proceedings of the 26th annual international symposium on
Microarchitecture

Full text available: pdf(1.13 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings

**Keywords**: I/O microarchitecture, bandwidth, hardware description language, latency, performance modeling

2. Cases time abayestavistics of ALOUA protocols in high annual hidirectional by

3 Space-time characteristics of ALOHA protocols in high-speed bidirectional bus networks

Mhay Chiou Lee, Pierre A. Humblet
October 1995 IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON), Volume 3 Issue 5

Full text available: pdf(914.40 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

4 <u>Simulator for the evaluation of distributed network-system performance</u>
Toshio Komatsu, Yukihiro Nakamura, Junro Nose
November 1996 **Proceedings of the 28th c nference on Winter simulation** 





Additional Information: full citation, references

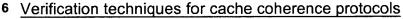
5 <u>Simulation analysis of a collisionless multiple access protocol for a wavelength</u> division multiplexed star-coupled configuration



Patrick W. Dowd, Kalyani Bogineni

April 1992 Proceedings of the 25th annual symposium on Simulation

Full text available: pdf(1.04 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms



Fong Pong, Michel Dubois

March 1997 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 29 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(1.25 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

In this article we present a comprehensive survey of various approaches for the verification of cache coherence protocols based on state enumeration, (symbolic model checking, and symbolic state models. Since these techniques search the state space of the protocol exhaustively, the amount of memory required to manipulate that state information and the verification time grow very fast with the number of processors and the complexity of the protocol mechanism ...

**Keywords**: cache coherence, finite state machine, protocol verification, shared-memory multiprocessors, state representation and expansion

7 Computing curricula 2001

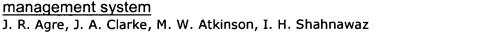
September 2001 Journal on Educational Resources in Computing (JERIC)

Full text available: pdf(613.63

: <u>阿斯 pai(613.63</u> <u>KB)</u> **(6** html(2.78 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

8 Computer simulation of communications on the space station data



December 1987 **Proceedings of the 19th conference on Winter simulation** 

Full text available: pdf(1.32 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

A discrete event simulation model for performance evaluation of various alternatives in the design of the communication system on the Data Management System (DMS) of the space station has been developed. DMS.SIM, the SIMSCRIPT-based model of DMS consists of two components: (I) The communication architecture model of multiple, interconnected, fiber-optic, local area networks (LANs) where the LAN access protocol is either token-bus or a version of CSMA/CD with deterministic collision ...

9 Packet-switched local area networks using wavelength-selective station couplers

Adrian Grah, Terence D. Todd

April 2000 IEEE/ACM Transacti ns on Networking (TON), Volume 8 Issue 2





KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>index terms</u>

### 10 High-speed local area networks and their performance: a survey

Bandula W. Abeysundara, Ahmed E. Kamal

June 1991 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 23 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(3.83 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

At high data transmission rates, the packet transmission time of a local area network (LAN) could become comparable to or less than the medium propagation delay. The performance of many LAN schemes degrades rapidly when the packet transmission time becomes small comparative to the medium propagation delay. This paper introduces LANs and discusses the performance degradation of LANs at high speeds. It surveys recently proposed LAN schemes designed to operate at high data rates, including the ...

**Keywords**: access schemes, computer networks, data communication, medium access protocols, optical fiber networks

## 11 Query evaluation techniques for large databases

Goetz Graefe

June 1993 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 25 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(9.37 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

Database management systems will continue to manage large data volumes. Thus, efficient algorithms for accessing and manipulating large sets and sequences will be required to provide acceptable performance. The advent of object-oriented and extensible database systems will not solve this problem. On the contrary, modern data models exacerbate the problem: In order to manipulate large sets of complex objects as efficiently as today's database systems manipulate simple records, query-processi ...

**Keywords**: complex query evaluation plans, dynamic query evaluation plans, extensible database systems, iterators, object-oriented database systems, operator model of parallelization, parallel algorithms, relational database systems, set-matching algorithms, sort-hash duality

# 12 The VMP multiprocessor: initial experience, refinements, and performance evaluation

D. R. Cheriton, A. Gupta, P. D. Boyle, H. A. Goosen

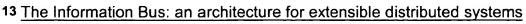
May 1988 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 15th Annual International Symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 16 Issue 2

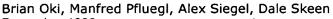
Full text available: pdf(1.73 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

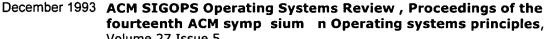
VMP is an experimental multiprocessor being developed at Stanford University, suitable for high-performance workstations and server machines. Its primary novelty lies in the use of software management of the per-processor caches and the design decisions in the cache and bus that make this approach feasible. The design and some uniprocessor trace-driven simulations indicating its performance have been reported previously. In this paper, we present our initial experience with the V  $\dots$ 



3 of 6







Volume 27 Issue 5

Full text available: pdf(1.12 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

Research can rarely be performed on large-scale, distributed systems at the level of thousands of workstations. In this paper, we describe the motivating constraints, design principles, and architecture for an extensible, distributed system operating in such an environment. The constraints include continuous operation, dynamic system evolution, and integration with extant systems. The *Information Bus*, our solution, is a novel synthesis of four design principles: core communication protoco ...

### 14 An optimized contention protocol for broadband networks

W. Worth Kirkman

August 1987 ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS), Volume 5 Issue 3

Full text available: pdf(578.28 Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms, review

This paper describes the concepts underlying an alternative link-level protocol for broadband local networks. The protocol uses implicit slotting of the contention channel to support larger networks, improve performance, and provide reliable distributed collision recognition without reinforcement. It is designed such that compatible interfaces to existing CSMA/CD-based systems can be provided.

# 15 <u>Distributed round-robin and first-come first-serve protocols and their</u> applications to multiprocessor bus arbitration

M. K. Vernon, U. Manber

May 1988 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 15th Annual International Symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 16 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(1.25 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

Two new distributed protocols for fair and efficient bus arbitration are presented. The protocols implement round-robin (RR) and first-come first-serve (FCFS) scheduling, respectively. Both protocols use relatively few control lines on the bus, and their logic is simple. The round-robin protocol, which uses statically assigned arbitration numbers to resolve conflict during an arbitration, is more robust and simpler to implement than previous distributed RR protocols that ar ...

# 16 Performance evaluation of Ethernet and HYPERbus local area networks using

computer modeling

David S. Jennings, Aaron H. Konstam

December 1985 Proceedings of the 17th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(630.16 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references

The local area networks Ethernet and HYPERbus were simulated using the GPSS program language. Measurements of performance were network stability, messages transmitted per unit time, and the number of transmission attempts required per message. The simulations produced these results. Both networks were stable at the normal, 90 and 100 percent loads. At the 90 and 100 percent loads, Ethernet transmitted between 90.31 and 99.16 percent of the expected



Consider and in

number of messages per unit time. HYPERbus ...

## 17 <u>Multiprocessing design verification methodology for Motorola MPC74XX</u> PowerPC microprocessor



Jen-Tien Yen, Qichao Richard Yin

June 2000 Proceedings of the 37th conference on Design aut mation

Full text available: pdf(73.14 Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

Multiprocessing (MP) design verification has been one of the bottlenecks for high performance microprocessor design projects. The problem is getting worse as the design complexity increases and more cache structures are integrated into one single chip. The challenges that MP verification faces today include: huge chip/system simulation model sizes, long simulation cycles, relative inefficiency of the simulation tools compared to uniprocessor, and so on. To solve these challenging problems, ...

# 18 Algorithms for scalable synchronization on shared-memory multiprocessors John M. Mellor-Crummey, Michael L. Scott



February 1991 ACM Transactions on Computer Systems (TOCS), Volume 9 Issue

Full text available: pdf(3.07 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review

Busy-wait techniques are heavily used for mutual exclusion and barrier synchronization in shared-memory parallel programs. Unfortunately, typical implementations of busy-waiting tend to produce large amounts of memory and interconnect contention, introducing performance bottlenecks that become markedly more pronounced as applications scale. We argue that this problem is not fundamental, and that one can in fact construct busy-wait synchronization algorithms that induce no memory or interc ...

## 19 Concurrent fault detection for a multiple-plane packet switch



August 2003 IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON), Volume 11 Issue 4

Full text available: pdf(711.66 Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

In high-speed and high-capacity packet switches, system reliability is critical to avoid loss of huge amounts of information and retransmission of traffic. We propose a series of concurrent fault-detection mechanisms for a multiple-plane crossbar-based packet switch. Our switch model, called the m+z model, has m active planes and z spare planes. This switch has distributed arbiters on each plane. The spare planes, used for substitution of faulty active ones, are also ...

**Keywords**: concurrent testing, fault detection, packet switch, parallel planes, single fault

# 20 A computer communication technique using content-induced transaction overlap



Simon Y. Berkovich, Colleen Roe Wilson

February 1984 ACM Transacti ns on C mputer Systems (TOCS), Volume 2 Issue

Full text available: pdf(988.70 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

Keyw rds: associative proceeding, communication protocol, data compression, multiaccess channels

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: **1** <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u> next

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat Q QuickTime Windows Media Player Real Player



**US Patent & Trademark Office** 

Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 
The ACM Digital Library The Guide

"cross bar bus" and "direct memory access" and simulat\*

SEARCH

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used cross bar bus and direct memory access and simulat

Found 4,776 of 125,779

Sort results

by Display results

relevence expanded form

Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Open results in a new window

Result page: **1** 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Relevance scale

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Best 200 shown

Simulating modular microcomputers

Frank J. Langley, Gerald A. LaGro, Joan Sheehan March 1978 Proceedings of the eleventh annual simulation symposium

Full text available: pdf(1.47 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The commitment of microprocessor-based system configurations to detailed logic design and breadboard fabrication traditionally results in a costly development cycle. This paper reports on the use of a computer design high-order-language (HOL) to simulate micro-computer functional elements, "macromodules", at the register level, and verify the timing and interface requirements for a family of microcomputer configurations. The definitions of these microcomputer macromodules (i. e. ...

A network interface unit simulation using micro passim

Tom P. Vayda, Larry L. Wear

December 1983 Proceedings of the 15th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(734.88 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes how micro PASSIM, a GPSS based simulation system, was transported from the Apple II to the HP 9836. The problems associated with moving a large program form one UCSD Pascal system to another are discussed. Micro PASSIM was transported to the HP system so that an Ethernet to HPIB interface board could be modeled. The model is described and the results obtained from the simulation are discussed. A discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of using micro PASSIM rather ...

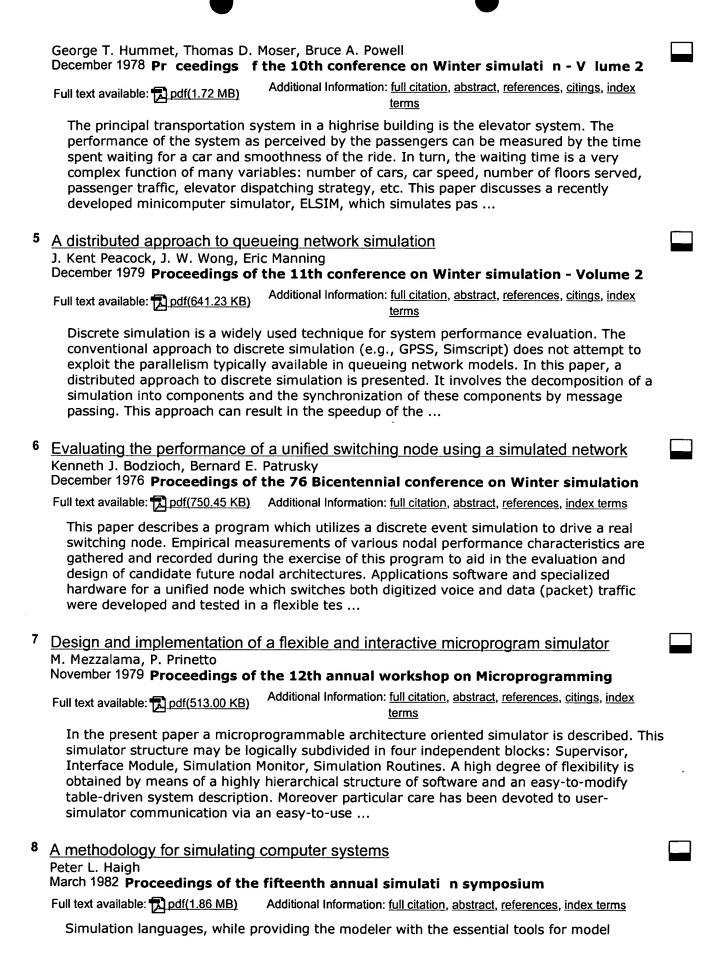
3 Computerized measurement of operator performance on simulators Edward J. Kozinsky

January 1981 Proceedings of the 13th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(360.50 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This computer-based system aids in evaluating operator's performance on a power plant simulator. The Performance Measurement System (PMS) helps the instructor in his total evaluation by providing objective measurements and documentation of operator reaction time, sequence of manipulation, and extent of parametric control. These measurements can also apply to Human Factors research on the operator-control room interface.

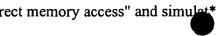
Real time simulation of elevators





development, do not provide well defined philosophies for modeling specific classes of systems. Although some languages strongly suggest a particular modeling approach, deriving from a particular world view, a methodology must be developed by the practitioner. A methodology for developing simulation models of computer systems is discussed. In all

	computer systems there are universal processes which may be b
9	Simulation and verification: Efficient simulation of synthesis-oriented system level designs Nick Savoiu, Sandeep K. Shukla, Rajesh K. Gupta October 2002 Proceedings of the 15th international symposium on System Synthesis
	Full text available: pdf(314.66 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms
	Modeling for synthesis and modeling for simulation seem to be two competing goals in the context of C++-based modeling frameworks. One of the reasons is while most hardware systems have some inherent parallelism efficiently expressing it depends on whether the target usage is synthesis or simulation. For synthesis, designs are usually described with synthesis tools in mind and are therefore partitioned according to the targeted hardware units. For simulation, runtime efficiency is critical but o
	Keywords: SystemC, simulation, system-level design
10	Simulation education: A crowd of little man computers: visual computer simulator teaching tools William Yurcik, Hugh Osborne December 2001 Proceedings of the 33nd conference on Winter simulation
	Full text available: pdf(437.82 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings
	This paper describes the use of a particular type of computer simulator as a tool for teaching computer architecture. The Little Man Computer (LMC) paradigm was developed by Stuart Madnick of MIT in the 1960s and has stood the test of time as a conceptual device that helps students understand the basics of how a computer works. With the success of the LMC paradigm, LMC simulators have also proliferated. We compare and contrast the current crowd of LMC simulators highlighting visual features. We
11	SWiMNet: a scalable parallel simulation testbed for wireless and mobile networks  Azzedine Boukerche, Sajal K. Das, Alessandro Fabbri September 2001 Wireless Networks, Volume 7 Issue 5
	Full text available: pdf(397.98 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms
	We present a framework, called SWiMNet, for parallel simulation of wireless and mobile PCS networks, which allows realistic and detailed modeling of mobility, call traffic, and PCS network deployment. SWiMNet is based upon event precomputation and a combination of optimistic and conservative synchronization mechanisms. Event precomputation is the result of model independence within the global PCS network. Low percentage of blocked calls typical for PCS networks is exploited in the channel alloca
	<b>Keywords</b> : PCS network models, framework for PCS network simulation, parallel discrete event simulation, performance analysis
12	Toward real time simulation: prototyping of a large scale parallel ground target simulation
	John B. Gilmer, David W. O'Brien, Jeffery E. Payne
	December 1990 Proceedings of the 22nd conference on Winter simulation



Full text available: pdf(878.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms 13 HAL II: a mixed level hardware logic simulation system Shigeru Takasaki, Tohru Sasaki, Nobuyoshi Nomizu, Hiroshi Ishikura, Nobuhiko Koike July 1986 Proceedings of the 23rd ACM/IEEE conference on Design automation Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(678.52 KB) terms This paper describes a mixed level hardware logic simulation system, called Hardware Logic Simulator II (HAL II). This paper first shows a HAL II simulation method. Then, it overviews HAL II hardware and software system configurations, simulation mechanism and estimates system performance. The HAL II system can handle a maximum of 5.8 million gates and a high level design language FDL (Functional Description Language). Finally, it discusses system applications and results. The paper also in ... 14 Exploiting model independence for parallel PCS network simulation Azzedine Boukerche, Sajal K. Das, Alessandro Fabbri, Oktay Yildiz May 1999 Proceedings of the thirteenth workshop on Parallel and distributed simulation Full text available: pdf(688.35 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Publisher Site terms In this paper, we present a parallel simulator (SWiMNet) for PCS networks using a combination of optimistic and conservative paradigms. The proposed methodology exploits event precomputation permitted by model independence within the PCS components. The low percentage of blocked calls is exploited in the channel allocation simulation of precomputed events by means of an optimistic approach. %To illustrate and verify the developed approach, Experiments were conducted with various call arrival rat ... 15 An architecture level simulation methodology Paul D. Stigall, Ram Huggahalli April 1991 Proceedings of the 24th annual symposium on Simulation Full text available: pdf(1.24 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms 16 Dynamic memory usage in parallel simulation: a case study of a large-scale military logistics application Chris J. M. Booth, David I. Bruce, Peter R. Hoare, Michael J. Kirton, K. Roy Milner, Ian J. Relf November 1996 Proceedings of the 28th conference on Winter simulation Full text available: pdf(743.98 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references 17 Using the SimOS machine simulator to study complex computer systems Mendel Rosenblum, Edouard Bugnion, Scott Devine, Stephen A. Herrod January 1997 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS),

Keywords: computer architecture, computer simulation, computer system performance analysis, operating systems

Full text available: pdf(731.76 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms, review

Volume 7 Issue 1



18	A comparison	of methods	for	simulating	computer	bus	architectures
	Larry Wear						

January 1981 Pr ceedings f the 13th conference n Winter simulati n - V lume 1

Full text available: pdf(389.90 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes three methods that were used to investigate multiprocessor bus architectures. The models described were implemented in FORTRAN, GPSS, and SIMULA. Characteristics of the three implementations, such as program length, program memory requirements, execution time and ease of use are compared. Results of the simulation of a single bus system are presented to show how the various parameters affect system performance.

## 19 Modeling and simulation in product development

Douglas G. Boike, Edward H. Ernst

March 1982 Proceedings of the fifteenth annual simulation symposium

Full text available: pdf(401.24 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms

As part of the product development cycle, the Xerox Corporation has evolved a modeling and simulation methodology. This paper describes the approach, its use, and value in product development. To provide a common basis for understanding the modeling activities to be discussed, a brief overview of the xerographic process as used in our current duplicator copier products is described. Each of the functions is discussed in terms of how they contribute to the overall systems model and how they ...

# 20 Simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer

J. Archer Harris, David R. Smith

April 1979 Proceedings of the 6th annual symposium on Computer architecture

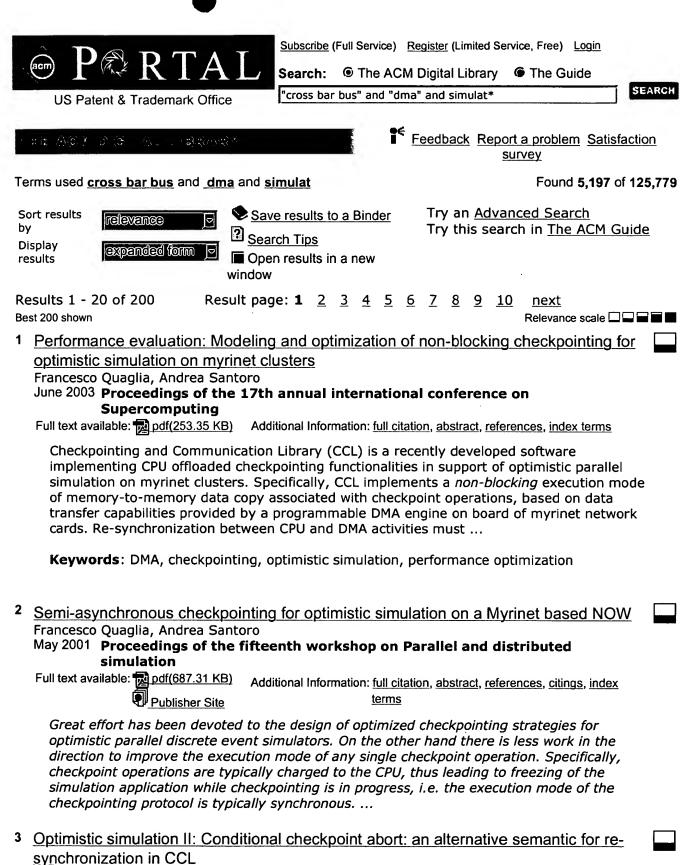
Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(533.62 KB)

The paper describes the results of simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer now being constructed in the Department of Computer Science at Stony Brook, First the structure of the multicomputer is introduced. This is based on, (i) separate local memories, (ii) a tree organization mirrored on that of social structures, and (iii) a distributed file system. The simulation studies were designed to illuminate the performance of the multicomputer when cooperat ...

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat QuickTime Windows Media Player



Francesco Quaglia, Andrea Santoro, Bruno Ciciani May 2002 Pr ceedings f the sixteenth w rkshop on Parallel and distributed simulation

Full text available: pdf(988.56 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references



Recently, a Checkpointing and Communication Library (CCL) to support optimistic parallel simulation on myrinet based clusters has been presented. Beyond classical low latency message delivery functionalities, this library additionally offers CPU offloaded checkpointing functionalities based on data transfer capabilities provided by a programmable DMA engine on board of myrinet network cards. A re-synchronization functionality is also supported for both logical (i.e. data consistency) and practic ...

**Keywords:** Optimistic Simulation, Rollback Based Synchronization, Checkpointing, Performance Optimization

4 Telecommunications: Communications and network: benefits from semi-asynchronous checkpointing for time warp simulations of a large state PCS model Andrea Santoro, Francesco Quaglia December 2001 Proceedings of the 33nd conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(121.12 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings

Checkpointing overhead is a major obstacle for the effectiveness of Time Warp parallel discrete event simulators. Semi-asynchronous checkpointing is a recent solution to tackle this obstacle for Time Warp simulations on distributed memory systems based on Myrinet. In this solution, checkpoint operations are offloaded from the host CPU and are charged to a DMA engine on board of Myrinet network cards. In this paper we report an empirical evaluation of the benefits from semi-asynchronous checkpoin ...

5 Simulation and verification: Efficient simulation of synthesis-oriented system level designs

Nick Savoiu, Sandeep K. Shukla, Rajesh K. Gupta

October 2002 Proceedings of the 15th international symposium on System Synthesis Full text available: pdf(314.66 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Modeling for synthesis and modeling for simulation seem to be two competing goals in the context of C++-based modeling frameworks. One of the reasons is while most hardware systems have some inherent parallelism efficiently expressing it depends on whether the target usage is synthesis or simulation. For synthesis, designs are usually described with synthesis tools in mind and are therefore partitioned according to the targeted hardware units. For simulation, runtime efficiency is critical but o ...

Keywords: SystemC, simulation, system-level design

6 Performance measurement and trace driven simulation of parallel CAD and numeric applications on a hypercube multicomputer

Jiun-Ming Hsu, Prithviraj Banerjee

May 1990 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 17th annual international symposium on Computer Architecture, Volume 18 Issue 3

Full text available: pdf(1.21 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper presents the performance evaluation, workload characterization and trace driven simulation of a hypercube multi-computer running realistic workloads. Six representative parallel applications were selected as benchmarks. Software monitoring techniques were then used to collect execution traces. Based on the measurement results, we investigated both the computation and communication behavior of these parallel programs, including CPU utilization, computation task granularity, messag ...

7	7 Hotwork interface unit difficultural units passiff	
	Tom P. Vayda, Larry L. Wear  December 1983 Pr ceedings of the 15th conference on Winter simulati n - V lume 1	
	Full text available: pdf(734.88 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	This paper describes how micro PASSIM, a GPSS based simulation system, was transported from the Apple II to the HP 9836. The problems associated with moving a large program form one UCSD Pascal system to another are discussed. Micro PASSIM was transported to the HP system so that an Ethernet to HPIB interface board could be modeled. The model is described and the results obtained from the simulation are discussed. A discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of using micro PASSIM rather	
8	A Simulation Support System Capable Of Control, Monitoring And Simulation Of	
	Airborne Systems	
	John C. Ostgaard December 1978 Proceedings of the 1978 annual conference	
	Full text available: pdf(528.89 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	With increasing use of simulations as a means of demonstrating and verifying systems, more emphasis has been placed on simulation support systems capable of sustaining these demonstrations. This paper contains a discussion of a current Support System used in conjunction with the Digital Avionics Information System (DAIS) Program being conducted at the Air Force Avionics Laboratory, Wright-Patterson Air Force Base. Descriptions of Support Hardware Systems and Software Support and	
9	Simulating modular microcomputers Frank J. Langley, Gerald A. LaGro, Joan Sheehan March 1978 Proceedings of the eleventh annual simulation symposium	
	Additional Information; full distation, abetween references, sitings, index	
	Full text available: pdf(1.47 MB)  Additional information: <u>full citation</u> , <u>abstract</u> , <u>references</u> , <u>citings</u> , <u>index</u> <u>terms</u>	
	The commitment of microprocessor-based system configurations to detailed logic design and breadboard fabrication traditionally results in a costly development cycle. This paper reports on the use of a computer design high-order-language (HOL) to simulate micro-computer functional elements, "macromodules", at the register level, and verify the timing and interface requirements for a family of microcomputer configurations. The definitions of these microcomputer macromodules (i. e	
10	Terrain database interoperability issues in training with distributed interactive	
10	Terrain database interoperability issues in training with distributed interactive simulation	
10		
10	simulation Guy A. Schiavone, S. Sureshchandran, Kenneth C. Hardis July 1997 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 7	

**Keywords**: distributed interactive simulation, terrain databases

simulator terrain database (TDB) correlation problem. ...

11 <u>Simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer</u> J. Archer Harris, David R. Smith April 1979 <b>Proceedings f the 6th annual symposium on C mputer architecture</b>			
Full text available: pdf(533.62 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms			
The paper describes the results of simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer now being constructed in the Department of Computer Science at Stony Brook. First the structure of the multicomputer is introduced. This is based on, (i) separate local memories, (ii) a tree organization mirrored on that of social structures, and (iii) a distributed file system. The simulation studies were designed to illuminate the performance of the multicomputer when cooperat			
12 An architecture level simulation methodology Paul D. Stigall, Ram Huggahalli April 1991 Proceedings of the 24th annual symposium on Simulation			
Full text available: pdf(1.24 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms			
13 A local computer network simulation  John M. McCoy, Stewart L. French, Razmik Abnous, M. J. Niccolai  February 1981 ACM SIGCSE Bulletin, Proceedings of the twelfth SIGCSE technical  symposium on Computer science education, Volume 13 Issue 1			
Computer Networks are an important part of our society and they are quickly becoming an integral part of computer science basic curriculum. This paper describes the development of a computer simulation model for a local computer network and its use as a viable tool in computer science education.			
<b>Keywords</b> : Computer network, Computer network simulation, Computer performance, Computer simulation, Local computer network, Modeling			
14 Fast performance analysis of bus-based system-on-chip communication architectures Kanishka Lahiri, Anand Raghunathan, Sujit Dey November 1999 Proceedings of the 1999 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design			
Full text available: pdf(249.63 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms			
conn M. McCoy, Stewart L. French, Razmik Abnous, M. J. Niccolai ebruary 1981 ACM SIGCSE Bulletin , Proceedings of the twelfth SIGCSE technical symposium on Computer science education, Volume 13 Issue 1 will text available: pdf(321.69 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms  Computer Networks are an important part of our society and they are quickly becoming an integral part of computer science basic curriculum. This paper describes the development of a computer simulation model for a local computer network and its use as a viable tool in computer science education.  Keywords: Computer network, Computer network simulation, Computer performance, Computer simulation, Local computer network, Modeling  ast performance analysis of bus-based system-on-chip communication architectures anishka Lahiri, Anand Raghunathan, Sujit Dey ovember 1999 Proceedings of the 1999 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design  ull text available: pdf(249.63 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms  This paper addresses the problem of efficient and accurate performance analysis to drive the exploration and design of bus-based System-on-Chip (SOC) communication architectures. Our technique fills a gap in existing techniques for system-level performance analysis, which are either too slow to use in an iterative communication architecture design framework (e.g., simulation of the complete system), or are not accurate enough to drive the design of the communication archite  SNOW: a tool to evaluate architectural issues for NOW environments angesh Kasbekar, Shailabh Nagar, Anand Sivasubramaniam lay 1997 Pr ceedings f the 11th internati nal conference on Superc mputing			
15 pSNOW: a tool to evaluate architectural issues for NOW environments  Mangesh Kasbekar, Shailabh Nagar, Anand Sivasubramaniam  July 1997 Pr. ceedings of the 11th international conference on Supercomputing			
Full text available: pdf(1.47 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms			

	·	
16	Operating systems projects built on a simple hardware simulator	
	John Dickinson  March 2000 ACM SIGCSE Bulletin , Proceedings f the thirty-first SIGCSE technical	
	symp sium n C mputer science educati n, Volume 32 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(408.12 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	Effective teaching of operating system concepts requires projects. This paper describes a series of operating system projects all based on a simple hardware simulator that have been used to teach operating system concepts at the undergraduate level. A key feature of this approach is the use of a simple but realistic hardware model upon which an operating system is progressively built. The hardware simulator evolves as the operating system evolves.	
17	A parallel embedded-processor architecture for ATM reassembly Richard F. Hobson, P. S. Wong	_
	February 1999 IEEE/ACM Transactions on Networking (TON), Volume 7 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(331.21 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms	
	<b>Keywords</b> : ATM, embedded systems, medium access control, segmentation and reassembly	
18	Real time simulation of elevators	
	George T. Hummet, Thomas D. Moser, Bruce A. Powell	
	December 1978 Proceedings of the 10th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 2	
	Full text available: pdf(1.72 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	The principal transportation system in a highrise building is the elevator system. The performance of the system as perceived by the passengers can be measured by the time spent waiting for a car and smoothness of the ride. In turn, the waiting time is a very complex function of many variables: number of cars, car speed, number of floors served, passenger traffic, elevator dispatching strategy, etc. This paper discusses a recently developed minicomputer simulator, ELSIM, which simulates pas	
19	Potential performance of parallel conservative simulation of VLSI circuits and systems	
	Mark Rawling, Rhys Francis, David Abramson April 1992 Proceedings of the 25th annual symposium on Simulation	
	Full text available: pdf(1.12 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms	
20	High-level architectural co-simulation using Esterel and C	
	Andre Chatelain, Yves Mathys, Giovanni Placido, Alberto La Rosa, Luciano Lavagno  April 2001 Proceedings of the ninth international symposium on Hardware/software codesign	
	Full text available: pdf(711.50 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	This paper introduces an architectural simulation environment, aimed at defining the best SOC architecture for complex system-level applications. The application is modeled using an abstract Timing Modeling Language, that describes the requests (e.g., memory accesses,	

I/Os, etc.) that the application makes to the architecture. The abstract architecture is modeled at the cycle-accurate level using a mixture of Esterel (a synchronous language) and C. We discuss the results of the application of ...

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 next

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright @ 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat QuickTime Windows Media Player Real Player



Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

The ACM Digital Library Search: The Guide

US Patent & Trademark Office

SEARCH

HE MOY DICE

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Similar to: A comparison of methods for simulating computer bus architectures

Found 200 of 125,779

Sort results

by Display results



Save results to a Binder

Search Tips Open results in a new window

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: **1** <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u>

Relevance scale

An interim empirical evaluation of ECSS for computer system simulation development Donald W. Kosv

June 1973 Proceedings of the 1973 symposium on Simulation of computer systems

Full text available: pdf(1.04 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index

A recent experiment at Rand has provided quantitative data on the effect of using different languages for simulating computer systems. The experiment consisted of programming a small simulation of a hypothetical multiprogrammed computer in ECSS (the Extendable Computer System Simulator), a new experimental language specifically oriented toward simulating computer systems, and recording in detail the progress of program development. The purpose of the experiment was to determine to what exte ...

2 Towards "on the fly" performance models for conservative asynchronous protocols Mary L. Bailey, Shane Walker

December 1994 Proceedings of the 26th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(399.11 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

The robustness of separable queueing network models

Charles E. Knadler

December 1991 Proceedings of the 23rd conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(720.12 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

Production and representation of computer system simulation models

Giuseppe G. Iazeolla, Enrico Martinelli, Orazio Tedone

August 1976 Proceedings of the fourth symposium on Simulation of computer systems

Full text available: pdf(534.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

The problem of the production of computer systems simulation models is dealt with. The software production process is generally carried out without considering the performance aspects of the whole system: performance evaluation is generally made later, once the system has been implemented. In this paper the process of the development of a system simulation model which can be used to discover aspects of system behaviour before the

system is completely implemented is investigated. This proces ...

# 5 A program-driven simulation model of an MIMD multiprocessor

Fredrik Dahlgren

April 1991 Pr ceedings f the 24th annual symposium on Simulation

Full text available: pdf(1.01 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

#### 6 On—line simulation

Malcolm M. Jones

January 1967 Proceedings of the 1967 22nd national conference

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(869.66 KB) terms

An on-line simulation system allows both the user and the computer to cooperate and share the task of performing the simulation. It does this by providing facilities for the user to interact with the computer so that they may both play active roles in the simulation process as it is occurring. Thus, the user may perform some of the simulation functions himself and the computer performs the remaining ones. Alternately, the user may act only as a monitor and observe, verify and record data or ...

### 7 The automation of simulation

G. K. Hutchinson

December 1981 Proceedings of the 13th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 2

Full text available: pdf(484.20 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

The principles of Computer Aided Design (CAD) have been incorporated in a simulation system to reduce the time and cost to produce simulations and expand the set of potential users to nonprogrammers. Computer Aided Programming for Simulation (CAPS) is an interactive program which queries the user and processes the responses to write a simulation program which, for models in its domain, is guaranteed to be logically correct and execute on the first run. CAPS is based upon the use of activity ...

# A development methodology applied to a radar system simulation Jane Harmon, Jay Landreth, Donald Lausch, Padman Nagenthiram, Henry Ramirez December 1983 Proceedings of the 15th conference on Winter Simulation - Volume 2

Full text available: pdf(762.53 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

As systems to be simulated grow larger and more complex and the cost of software escalates the need for cost and time efficient development methodologies become critical. This paper describes such a methodology. The methodology is based on standard modern software practices such as top-down design and structured programming. This development methodology has been applied to a radar system simulation which will eventually grow into an air defense simulation employing a surveillance net, and d ...

Automatic programming assistant for network simulation models Fan T. Tseng, S. X. Zhang, John W. Wolfsberger December 1988 Proceedings of the 20th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(586.57 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper presents the development of a simulation tool to assist the modeler of prelaunch countdown sequences define the problem and then automatically write the corresponding code in the target simulation language GPSS/PC. Included in this paper are a description of the Automatic Network Programming System (ANPS) and a sample problem using ANPS.



































# 10 S3, the System and Software Simulator

Leo J. Cohen

December 1968 Proceedings f the second conference n Applicati ns f simulati ns

Full text available: pdf(250.73 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, citings, index terms

The System and Software Simulator (S3) is a computer program written entirely in Fortran IV and capable of execution on any computer having that compiler available. Thus far S3 has been applied to computer system simulation problems while executing on the Univac 1108 and the IBM system 360, models 50, 65, and 75. The purpose of S3 is threefold; in the first place it provides a convenient computer oriented language for the specification of the total hardware/software environment o ...

11 Execution-driven simulation of multiprocessors: address and timing analysis S. Dwarkadas, J. R. Jump, J. B. Sinclair

October 1994 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 4 Issue 4

Full text available: pdf(1.58 MB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

This article describes and evaluates an efficient execution-driven technique for the simulation of multiprocessors that includes the simulation of system memory and that is driven by real program work loads. The technique produces correctly interleaved address traces at run-time without disk access overhead or hardware support, allowing accurate simulation of the effects of a variety of architectural alternatives on programs. We have implemented a simulator based on this technique that offe ...

**Keywords**: distributed systems, execution-driven simulation, parallel tracing, shared-memory multiprocessors

12 SOLPASS - a Simulation Oriented Language Programming and Simulation System James Armstrong, Horst Ulfers, Donald J. Miller, Harry C. Page December 1969 Proceedings of the third conference on Applications of simulation

Full text available: pdf(950.75 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, citings, index terms

SOL A Simulation Oriented Language, was described by Messrs. Knuth and McNeley of Burroughs Corp. in 1964. In 1968 a complete 2-pass compiler system was developed under Government contract by Messrs. Page and Miller of Patterson-Smith, Inc. Since then a number of features have been added to the SOL language, making it a very powerful tool for discrete simulations. SOLPASS has found a broad field of applications within the USAECOM Laboratories served by the Burroughs B5500 installation at Fo ...

13 The development of the General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS) Geoffrey Gordon

March 1975 The first ACM SIGPLAN conference on History of programming languages, Volume 10, 17 Issue 2, 4

Full text available: pdf(1.75 MB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> <u>terms</u>

The General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS) is a programming system designed for the simulation of discrete systems. These are systems that can be modeled as a series of state changes that occur instantaneously, usually over a period of time. Complexities in their analysis arise because there are many elements in the system, and there is competition for limited system resources. The simulation technique uses numerical computation methods to follow the system elements through their changes ...

14 <u>Incremental system development of large discrete-event simulation models</u>



Lars G. Randell, Lars G. Holst, Gunnar S. Bolmsjö

December 1999 Proceedings f the 31st conference n Winter simulati n: Simulati n--- a bridge to the future - V lume 1

Full text available: pdf(143.70 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

### 15 Models of memory scheduling

A. K. Agrawala, R. M. Bryant

November 1975 Proceedings of the fifth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles

Full text available: pdf(535.24 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

Queueing theoretic models of single and multi-processor computer systems have received wide attention in the computer science literature. Few of these models consider the effect of finite memory size of a machine and its impact on the memory scheduling problem. In an effort to formulate an analytical model for memory scheduling we propose four simple models and examine their characteristics using simulation. In this paper, we discuss some interesting results of these simulations.

**Keywords**: Analytical models, Computer system simulation, Dynamic memory allocation, First-fit, Memory fragmentation, Multiprogramming, Performance evaluation, Scheduling, Swapping systems

# 16 Adaptive memory management and optimism control in time warp

Samir R. Das, Richard M. Fujimoto

April 1997 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 7 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(321.66 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms, review

It is widely believed that the Time Warp protocol for parallel discrete event simulation is prone to two potential problems: an excessive amount of wasted, rolled back computation resulting from "rollback thrashing" behaviors, and inefficient use of memory, leading to poor performance of virtual memory and/or multiprocessor cache systems. An adaptive mechanism is proposed based on the Cancelback memory management protocol for shared-memory multiprocessors that dynamically contro ...

# 17 Time warp simulation using time scale decomposition

Hany H. Ammar, Su Deng

April 1992 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 2
Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(1.25 MB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> <u>terms</u>, <u>review</u>

In this paper we consider time scale decomposition as well as spatial decomposition to induce massive parallelism and reduce overhead in distributed discrete-event simulations. We confine our study to the Time Warp strategy and to systems where the durations of activities differ by several orders of magnitude (i.e., systems with fast and slow activities). We show that, for such systems, a large overhead due to rollbacks is encountered when spatial decomposition is used. Moreover, performanc ...

**Keywords**: fault-tolerant systems, parallel simulation, performability analysis, queueing networks, stochastic petri nets, system modeling, time-scale decompositions

18 Some experiments in simulating OS/360 from performance data Leonard Bass, Thomas Santos, Michael Sheets January 1974 Pr ceedings f the 7th c nference n Winter simulati n - V lume 2

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Recent work has indicated that the time a program spends in memory is the primary determinant of the turnaround of the program. We constructed a simulation model of our OS/360 system, using as input performance data gathered by a software monitor, and experimented with differing models of the operating system, program behavior, and hardware configurations to determine an appropriate trade-off between the complexity of models used and the accuracy of the simulation. We constructed a fairly s ...

19 Systems and techniques: A program simulator by partial interpretation
Kazuhiro Fuchi, Hozumi Tanaka, Yuriko Manago, Toshitsugu Yuba
October 1969 Proceedings of the second symposium on Operating systems principles
Full text available: pdf(637.75 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references

In promoting the ETSS project a program simulator based on an idea of partial interpretation has been constructed, and its principle and design are described in the paper. This new approach has been introduced to provide the simulator with such features as high speed and high accuracy in simulation and simplification in implementation. The essence of the idea of partial interpretation is using direct execution of instructions by hardware and simulation of them by an interpreter in combination, w ...

20 The approach to designing a future pharmaceutical manufacturing facility Carol A. Park, Ty Getz December 1992 Proceedings of the 24th conference on Winter simulation

Full text available: pdf(279.43 KB) Additional Information: full citation, citings, index terms

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 next

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc.

<u>Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us</u>

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat

QuickTime
Windows Media Player
Real Player



Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 

The ACM Digital Library 
The Guide

"cross bar bus" and "direct memory transfer" and simulat\*

SEARCH

412 MOT	3) (3)	/ å	\$ \$ 10 to \$200	

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used cross bar bus and direct memory transfer and simulat

Found 4,625 of 125,779

Sort results by

relevence

Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Display results

expanded form

Open results in a new window

Result page: **1** <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u>

Best 200 shown

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Relevance scale

A comparison of methods for simulating computer bus architectures

January 1981 Proceedings of the 13th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(389.90 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes three methods that were used to investigate multiprocessor bus architectures. The models described were implemented in FORTRAN, GPSS, and SIMULA. Characteristics of the three implementations, such as program length, program memory requirements, execution time and ease of use are compared. Results of the simulation of a single bus system are presented to show how the various parameters affect system performance.

2 A task adaptive parallel graphics renderer

Scott Whitman

November 1993 Proceedings of the 1993 symposium on Parallel rendering

Full text available: pdf(1.15 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms, review

The development of the General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS)

Geoffrey Gordon

March 1975 The first ACM SIGPLAN conference on History of programming languages,

Volume 10 , 17 Issue 2 , 4

Full text available: pdf(1.75 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS) is a programming system designed for the simulation of discrete systems. These are systems that can be modeled as a series of state changes that occur instantaneously, usually over a period of time. Complexities in their analysis arise because there are many elements in the system, and there is competition for limited system resources. The simulation technique uses numerical computation methods to follow the system elements through their changes ...

4 The performance analysis workstation: an interactive animated simulation package for queueing networks

B. Melamed

November 1999 Pr ceedings of 1986 fall joint computer conference on Fall j int

#### computer c nference

Full text available: pdf(1.28 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

5	Exploiting parallelism in a switch-level simulation machine  E. H. Frank	
	June 1986 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 13th annual international symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 14 Issue 2	
	Full text available: pdf(756.23 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	The parallelism inherent in actual circuits suggests that this parallelism might be exploited in a switch-level simulation machine, in order to reduce total simulation time. This paper explores the extent to which this parallelism exists and the extent to which it can be exploited. The exploration is done in the context of a proposed multiprocessor simulation machine called the Fast-1. The Fast-1 is a form of data-flow machine in which switch-level circuits are represented as programs consi	
6	NESS: A coupled simulation expert system	Γ
	K Kawamura, G Beale, J Rodriquez-Moscoso, B J Hsieh, S Padalkar  December 1986 Proceedings of the ACM SIGART international symposium on  Methodologies for intelligent systems	
	Full text available: pdf(636.61 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	This paper reports on work being conducted for NASA to develop a simulation expert system called NESS that can assist the user to run digital simulations of dynamic systems and interpret the output data to determine system characteristics. The paper describes our design principle, system architecture and knowledge base. Finally, in order to demonstrate NESS' simulation and analysis capabilities, a session log involving a printwheel position controller is shown.	
7	Optimal simulations between mesh-connected arrays of processors	
	S R Kosaraju, M J Atallah November 1986 Proceedings of the eighteenth annual ACM symposium on Theory of computing	
	Full text available: pdf(604.18 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms	
8	Using SimPoint for accurate and efficient simulation	
	Erez Perelman, Greg Hamerly, Michael Van Biesbrouck, Timothy Sherwood, Brad Calder	
	June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review , Proceedings of the 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS international conference on Measurement and	
	modeling of computer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(52.60 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	Modern architecture research relies heavily on detailed pipeline simulation. Simulating the full execution of a single industry standard benchmark at this level of detail takes on the order of months to complete. This problem is exacerbated by the fact that to properly	

Keywords: SimPoint, clustering, fast-forwarding, sampling, simulation

automatically finds a small set of Simulation Points ...

perform an architectural evaluation requires multiple benchmarks to be evaluated across many separate runs. To address this issue we recently created a tool called SimPoint that

9	A hybrid systems modeling framework for fast and accurate simulation of data communication networks  Stephan Bohacek, João P. Hespanha, Junsoo Lee, Katia Obraczka  June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Perf rmance Evaluati n Review, Pr ceedings f the 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS internati nal conference n Measurement and modeling of c mputer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1  Full text available: pdf(559.41 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	In this paper we present a general hybrid systems modeling framework to describe the flow of traffic in communication networks. To characterize network behavior, these models use averaging to continuously approximate discrete variables such as congestion window and queue size. Because averaging occurs over short time intervals, one still models discrete events such as the occurrence of a drop and the consequent reaction (e.g., congestion control). The proposed hybrid systems modeling framework f  Keywords: TCP, UDP, congestion control, data communication networks, hybrid systems, simulation	
10	DiST: a simple, reliable and scalable method to significantly reduce processor architecture simulation time Sylvain Girbal, Gilles Mouchard, Albert Cohen, Olivier Temam	
	June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review, Proceedings of the 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1  Full text available: pdf(1.32 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	While architecture simulation is often treated as a methodology issue, it is at the core of most processor architecture research works, and simulation speed is often the bottleneck of the typical trial-and-error research process. To speedup simulation during this research process and get trends faster, researchers usually reduce the trace size. More sophisticated techniques like trace sampling or distributed simulation are scarcely used because they are considered unreliable and complex due to t	
	Keywords: distributed simulation, processor architecture	
11	<u>Distributed discrete-event simulation</u> Jayadev Misra  March 1986 <b>ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR)</b> , Volume 18 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(2.47 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review	
	Traditional discrete-event simulations employ an inherently sequential algorithm. In practice, simulations of large systems are limited by this sequentiality, because only a modest number of events can be simulated. Distributed discrete-event simulation (carried out on a network of processors with asynchronous message-communicating capabilities) is proposed as an alternative; it may provide better performance by partitioning the simulation among the component processors. The basic distribut	
12	Systems and techniques: A program simulator by partial interpretation  Kazuhiro Fuchi, Hozumi Tanaka, Yuriko Manago, Toshitsugu Yuba  October 1969 Pr ceedings f the second symposium n Operating systems principles	
	Full text available: pdf(637.75 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references	
	In promoting the ETSS project a program simulator based on an idea of partial interpretation has been constructed, and its principle and design are described in the paper.	

This new approach has been introduced to provide the simulator with such features as high speed and high accuracy in simulation and simplification in implementation. The essence of the idea of partial interpretation is using direct execution of instructions by hardware and simulation of them by an interpreter in combination, w ...

13 Platforms: TOSSIM: accurate and scalable simulation of entire tinyOS applications Philip Levis, Nelson Lee, Matt Welsh, David Culler November 2003 Proceedings of the first international conference on Embedded networked sensor systems Full text available: pdf(429.79 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms Accurate and scalable simulation has historically been a key enabling factor for systems research. We present TOSSIM, a simulator for TinyOS wireless sensor networks. By exploiting the sensor network domain and TinyOS's design, TOSSIM can capture network behavior at a high fidelity while scaling to thousands of nodes. By using a probabilistic bit error model for the network, TOSSIM remains simple and efficient, but expressive enough to capture a wide range of network interactions. Using TOSSIM, ... **Keywords**: TOSSIM, sensor networks, tinyOS 14 MX Fiber Optics Cable Data Network message traffic simulation Elizabeth Y. S. Kung March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation Full text available: pdf(890.67 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms The proposed MX MPS Fiber Optics Cable Data Network would interconnect over 4600 facilities and cover and area of 12000 to 15000 mi2. One of the important factors in the design of such a large network is the traffic created by the various messages flowing through the network. This paper describes the simulation of the proposed network structure, the different kinds of messages flowing through it, and the message routing mechanism. The performance of the network for diff ... <sup>15</sup> Ada and multi-microprocessor real-time simulation Stefan Feyock, W. Robert Collins March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation Full text available: pdf(840.95 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms The selection of a high-order programming language for a real-time distributed network simulation is described. The additional problem of implementing a language on a possibly changing network is addressed. The recently designed language Ada (trademarked by DoD) was chosen since it provides the best model of the underlying application to be simulated. 16 The design of a multi-microprocessor based simulation computer - II John Craig Comfort March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation

This paper presents further results in development of a discrete event simulation computer based on a network of micro processors. The network is being designed by identifying simulation tasks which may be performed in parallel with other computation required by the simulation, and then assigning those subtasks to attached processing elements in the network. The tasks of priority queue processing and state accounting are considered in this paper. A three attached processor simulation comput ...

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index

terms

Full text available: pdf(651.59 KB)

17 Modular simulation package f	or product design	studies					
Dennis B. Ulrich March 1983 <b>The Pr ceedings</b>			/mnosium or	Simulation			
Full text available: pdf(817.06 KB)							
A simulation package designe based simulations has been d model assumptions required the package. This explanation preprocessors used to interface of the executive. To provide a	eveloped by the Xe o use the package, includes the struct te the models to th	rox Corporation this paper disc ture of the simu	n. After a discu susses the key ulation models	ussion of the components of and data, the			
18 GMSS graphic modelling and	simulation syster	<u>n</u>					
R. R. Willis, W. P. Austell March 1983 <b>The Proceedings o</b>	f the 16th annual	simulation sy	/mnosium or	Simulation			
Full text available: pdf(1.40 MB)	Additional Information						
GMSS is a simulation modelling automation needs of simulation into the hands of the decision	on analysis. The go						
19 Inflight software simulation of James V. Leonard, John J. Soder		<u>sile</u>					
March 1983 The Proceedings o	f the 16th annual						
Full text available: pdf(756.25 KB)	Additional Information	n: full citation, abstr terms	ract, references,	citings, index			
simulation of the Harpoon are GPDC, and mission software of equipment and a flight shorting accomplished. Comparisons a	A brief overview of the Harpoon missile system is given. Previous means of implementing a simulation of the Harpoon are reviewed. Utilizing the General Purpose Digital Computer, GPDC, and mission software onboard the S-3B in conjunction with the Harpoon launch equipment and a flight shorting "simulation" connector, simulation of the Harpoon missile is accomplished. Comparisons are made between the S-3B/Harpoon simulation techniques and Harpoon simulation on other aircraft.						
20 Prototyping for naval battle gr	oup simulation de	evelopment					
Jerry Golub, Willis A. Soper March 1983 <b>The Proceedings o</b>		·	rmnosium on	Simulation			
Full text available: pdf(693.38 KB)	Additional Information		=				
Development of a new simular to what level of detail, and win reach a level where straightfo software prototyping is an app simulating a multi-faceted nav	th what models. Fo rward development proach being taken	r very broad sir techniques bed	nulations, the come intractal	se problems ole. Dynamic			
Results 1 - 20 of 200	Result page: 1	2 3 4 5 6	<u> 7 8 9 10</u>	<u>next</u>			
The ACM Portal is published by Terms of Use	the Association for Corsage Privacy Policy			03 ACM, Inc.			
Useful downloads: 🔁 <u>Adobe A</u>	crobat <b>Q</b> QuickTime	Windows Me	edia Player	Real Player			



US Patent & Trademark Office

Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 
The ACM Digital Library The Guide

"cross bar bus" and "direct memory transfer" and simulat\*

SEARCH

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used cross bar bus and direct memory transfer and simulat

Found 4.625 of 125.779

Sort results by

Display

results

relevance expanded form

Save results to a Binder Search Tips Open results in a new

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Results 1 - 20 of 200

window

Result page: **1** 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Relevance scale

Best 200 shown

A comparison of methods for simulating computer bus architectures

January 1981 Proceedings of the 13th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(389.90 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes three methods that were used to investigate multiprocessor bus architectures. The models described were implemented in FORTRAN, GPSS, and SIMULA. Characteristics of the three implementations, such as program length, program memory requirements, execution time and ease of use are compared. Results of the simulation of a single bus system are presented to show how the various parameters affect system performance.

<sup>2</sup> A task adaptive parallel graphics renderer

Scott Whitman

November 1993 Proceedings of the 1993 symposium on Parallel rendering

Full text available: pdf(1.15 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms, review

The development of the General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS)

Geoffrey Gordon

March 1975 The first ACM SIGPLAN conference on History of programming languages, Volume 10, 17 Issue 2, 4

Full text available: pdf(1.75 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The General Purpose Simulation System (GPSS) is a programming system designed for the simulation of discrete systems. These are systems that can be modeled as a series of state changes that occur instantaneously, usually over a period of time. Complexities in their analysis arise because there are many elements in the system, and there is competition for limited system resources. The simulation technique uses numerical computation methods to follow the system elements through their changes ...

4 The performance analysis workstation: an interactive animated simulation package for queueing networks

B. Melamed

November 1999 Pr ceedings of 1986 fall joint computer conference on Fall joint



Full text available: pdf(1.28 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms

### Exploiting parallelism in a switch-level simulation machine

E. H. Frank

June 1986 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 13th annual international symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 14 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(756.23 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index

The parallelism inherent in actual circuits suggests that this parallelism might be exploited in a switch-level simulation machine, in order to reduce total simulation time. This paper explores the extent to which this parallelism exists and the extent to which it can be exploited. The exploration is done in the context of a proposed multiprocessor simulation machine called the Fast-1. The Fast-1 is a form of data-flow machine in which switch-level circuits are represented as programs consi ...

## <sup>6</sup> NESS: A coupled simulation expert system

K Kawamura, G Beale, J Rodriguez-Moscoso, B J Hsieh, S Padalkar

December 1986 Proceedings of the ACM SIGART international symposium on Methodologies for intelligent systems

Full text available: pdf(636.61 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper reports on work being conducted for NASA to develop a simulation expert system called NESS that can assist the user to run digital simulations of dynamic systems and interpret the output data to determine system characteristics. The paper describes our design principle, system architecture and knowledge base. Finally, in order to demonstrate NESS' simulation and analysis capabilities, a session log involving a printwheel position controller is shown.

# 7 Optimal simulations between mesh-connected arrays of processors

S R Kosaraju, M J Atallah

November 1986 Proceedings of the eighteenth annual ACM symposium on Theory of computing

Full text available: pdf(604.18 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

# Using SimPoint for accurate and efficient simulation

Erez Perelman, Greq Hamerly, Michael Van Biesbrouck, Timothy Sherwood, Brad Calder June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review, Proceedings of the 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(52.60 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Modern architecture research relies heavily on detailed pipeline simulation. Simulating the full execution of a single industry standard benchmark at this level of detail takes on the order of months to complete. This problem is exacerbated by the fact that to properly perform an architectural evaluation requires multiple benchmarks to be evaluated across many separate runs. To address this issue we recently created a tool called SimPoint that automatically finds a small set of Simulation Points ...

**Keywords**: SimPoint, clustering, fast-forwarding, sampling, simulation

9	A hybrid systems modeling framework for fast and accurate simulation of data communication networks	
	Stephan Bohacek, João P. Hespanha, Junsoo Lee, Katia Obraczka  June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluati n Review, Pr ceedings of the  2003 ACM SIGMETRICS international c nference n Measurement and  m deling of computer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1  Full text available: pdf(559.41 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	In this paper we present a general hybrid systems modeling framework to describe the flow of traffic in communication networks. To characterize network behavior, these models use averaging to continuously approximate discrete variables such as congestion window and queue size. Because averaging occurs over short time intervals, one still models discrete events such as the occurrence of a drop and the consequent reaction (e.g., congestion control). The proposed hybrid systems modeling framework f	
	<b>Keywords</b> : TCP, UDP, congestion control, data communication networks, hybrid systems, simulation	
10	DiST: a simple, reliable and scalable method to significantly reduce processor architecture simulation time  Sylvain Girbal, Gilles Mouchard, Albert Cohen, Olivier Temam	
	June 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS Performance Evaluation Review, Proceedings of the 2003 ACM SIGMETRICS international conference on Measurement and modeling of computer systems, Volume 31 Issue 1  Full text available: pdf(1.32 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	While architecture simulation is often treated as a methodology issue, it is at the core of most processor architecture research works, and simulation speed is often the bottleneck of the typical trial-and-error research process. To speedup simulation during this research process and get trends faster, researchers usually reduce the trace size. More sophisticated techniques like trace sampling or distributed simulation are scarcely used because they are considered unreliable and complex due to t	
	Keywords: distributed simulation, processor architecture	
11	Distributed discrete-event simulation  Jayadev Misra  March 1986 ACM Computing Surveys (CSUR), Volume 18 Issue 1	
	Full text available: pdf(2.47 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms, review	
	Traditional discrete-event simulations employ an inherently sequential algorithm. In practice, simulations of large systems are limited by this sequentiality, because only a modest number of events can be simulated. Distributed discrete-event simulation (carried out on a network of processors with asynchronous message-communicating capabilities) is proposed as an alternative; it may provide better performance by partitioning the simulation among the component processors. The basic distribut	
12	Systems and techniques: A program simulator by partial interpretation  Kazuhiro Fuchi, Hozumi Tanaka, Yuriko Manago, Toshitsugu Yuba  October 1969 Proceedings f the sec nd symposium n Operating systems principles	
	Full text available: pdf(637.75 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references	
	In promoting the ETSS project a program simulator based on an idea of partial interpretation has been constructed, and its principle and design are described in the paper.	

This new approach has been introduced to provide the simulator with such features as high speed and high accuracy in simulation and simplification in implementation. The essence of the idea of partial interpretation is using direct execution of instructions by hardware and simulation of them by an interpreter in combination, w ... 13 Platforms: TOSSIM: accurate and scalable simulation of entire tinyOS applications Philip Levis, Nelson Lee, Matt Welsh, David Culler

networked sensor systems Full text available: pdf(429.79 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

November 2003 Proceedings of the first international conference on Embedded

Accurate and scalable simulation has historically been a key enabling factor for systems research. We present TOSSIM, a simulator for TinyOS wireless sensor networks. By exploiting the sensor network domain and TinyOS's design, TOSSIM can capture network behavior at a high fidelity while scaling to thousands of nodes. By using a probabilistic bit error model for the network, TOSSIM remains simple and efficient, but expressive enough to capture a wide range of network interactions. Using TOSSIM, ...

**Keywords**: TOSSIM, sensor networks, tinyOS

14 MX Fiber Optics Cable Data Network message traffic simulation Elizabeth Y. S. Kung

March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation

Full text available: pdf(890.67 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms

The proposed MX MPS Fiber Optics Cable Data Network would interconnect over 4600 facilities and cover and area of 12000 to 15000 mi2. One of the important factors in the design of such a large network is the traffic created by the various messages flowing through the network. This paper describes the simulation of the proposed network structure, the different kinds of messages flowing through it, and the message routing mechanism. The performance of the network for diff ...

15 Ada and multi-microprocessor real-time simulation

Stefan Feyock, W. Robert Collins

March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation

Full text available: pdf(840.95 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

The selection of a high-order programming language for a real-time distributed network simulation is described. The additional problem of implementing a language on a possibly changing network is addressed. The recently designed language Ada (trademarked by DoD) was chosen since it provides the best model of the underlying application to be simulated.

16 The design of a multi-microprocessor based simulation computer - II John Craig Comfort

March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(651.59 KB) terms

This paper presents further results in development of a discrete event simulation computer based on a network of micro processors. The network is being designed by identifying simulation tasks which may be performed in parallel with other computation required by the simulation, and then assigning those subtasks to attached processing elements in the network. The tasks of priority queue processing and state accounting are considered in this paper. A three attached processor simulation comput ...

17 Modular simulation package for product design studies	$\overline{}$
Dennis B. Ulrich	
March 1983 The Pr ceedings f the 16th annual simulati n symp sium n Simulati n	
Full text available: pdf(817.06 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms	
A simulation package designed to facilitate the creation and execution of large FORTRAN based simulations has been developed by the Xerox Corporation. After a discussion of the model assumptions required to use the package, this paper discusses the key components of the package. This explanation includes the structure of the simulation models and data, the preprocessors used to interface the models to the simulation executive, and the capabilities of the executive. To provide a concrete und	
18 GMSS graphic modelling and simulation system	
R. R. Willis, W. P. Austell	
March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation	
Full text available: pdf(1.40 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
GMSS is a simulation modelling system providing a tool kit of functions to support the automation needs of simulation analysis. The goal of GMSS is to put simulation modelling into the hands of the decision maker.	
19 Inflight software simulation of the Harpoon missile	
James V. Leonard, John J. Soderberg	
March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation	
Full text available: pdf(756.25 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
A brief overview of the Harpoon missile system is given. Previous means of implementing a simulation of the Harpoon are reviewed. Utilizing the General Purpose Digital Computer, GPDC, and mission software onboard the S-3B in conjunction with the Harpoon launch equipment and a flight shorting "simulation" connector, simulation of the Harpoon missile is accomplished. Comparisons are made between the S-3B/Harpoon simulation techniques and Harpoon simulation on other aircraft.	
Prototyping for naval battle group simulation development	
Jerry Golub, Willis A. Soper	
March 1983 The Proceedings of the 16th annual simulation symposium on Simulation	
Full text available: pdf(693.38 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
Development of a new simulation involves problems such as what the simulation should do, to what level of detail, and with what models. For very broad simulations, these problems reach a level where straightforward development techniques become intractable. Dynamic software prototyping is an approach being taken at RCA to address such problems in simulating a multi-faceted naval battle group.	
Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: <b>1</b> <u>2</u> <u>3</u> <u>4</u> <u>5</u> <u>6</u> <u>7</u> <u>8</u> <u>9</u> <u>10</u> <u>next</u>	
The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc. <u>Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us</u>	
Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat Q QuickTime Windows Media Player Real Player	



US Patent & Trademark Office

Subscribe (Full Service) Register (Limited Service, Free) Login

Search: 

The ACM Digital Library

"cross bar bus" and "direct memory access" and simulat\*

SEARCH

हो द्वेरत्प्रहरू

Feedback Report a problem Satisfaction survey

Terms used cross bar bus and direct memory access and simulat

Found 4,776 of 125,779

Sort results by

relevance expanded form Save results to a Binder Search Tips

Try an Advanced Search Try this search in The ACM Guide

Display results

Open results in a new window

Results 1 - 20 of 200

Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

Best 200 shown Relevance scale

Simulating modular microcomputers

Frank J. Langley, Gerald A. LaGro, Joan Sheehan

March 1978 Proceedings of the eleventh annual simulation symposium

Full text available: pdf(1.47 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

The commitment of microprocessor-based system configurations to detailed logic design and breadboard fabrication traditionally results in a costly development cycle. This paper reports on the use of a computer design high-order-language (HOL) to simulate micro-computer functional elements, "macromodules", at the register level, and verify the timing and interface requirements for a family of microcomputer configurations. The definitions of these microcomputer macromodules (i. e. ...

<sup>2</sup> A network interface unit simulation using micro passim

Tom P. Vayda, Larry L. Wear

December 1983 Proceedings of the 15th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(734.88 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes how micro PASSIM, a GPSS based simulation system, was transported from the Apple II to the HP 9836. The problems associated with moving a large program form one UCSD Pascal system to another are discussed. Micro PASSIM was transported to the HP system so that an Ethernet to HPIB interface board could be modeled. The model is described and the results obtained from the simulation are discussed. A discussion of the advantages and disadvantages of using micro PASSIM rather ...

Computerized measurement of operator performance on simulators Edward J. Kozinsky

January 1981 Proceedings of the 13th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(360.50 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This computer-based system aids in evaluating operator's performance on a power plant simulator. The Performance Measurement System (PMS) helps the instructor in his total evaluation by providing objective measurements and documentation of operator reaction time, sequence of manipulation, and extent of parametric control. These measurements can also apply to Human Factors research on the operator-control room interface.

Real time simulation of elevators

	George T. Hummet, Thomas D. Moser, Bruce A. Powell December 1978 Pr ceedings of the 10th conference n Winter simulati n - V lume 2	
	Full text available: pdf(1.72 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	The principal transportation system in a highrise building is the elevator system. The performance of the system as perceived by the passengers can be measured by the time spent waiting for a car and smoothness of the ride. In turn, the waiting time is a very complex function of many variables: number of cars, car speed, number of floors served, passenger traffic, elevator dispatching strategy, etc. This paper discusses a recently developed minicomputer simulator, ELSIM, which simulates pas	
5	A distributed approach to queueing network simulation	
	J. Kent Peacock, J. W. Wong, Eric Manning December 1979 Proceedings of the 11th conference on Winter simulation - Volume 2	
	Full text available: pdf(641.23 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	Discrete simulation is a widely used technique for system performance evaluation. The conventional approach to discrete simulation (e.g., GPSS, Simscript) does not attempt to exploit the parallelism typically available in queueing network models. In this paper, a distributed approach to discrete simulation is presented. It involves the decomposition of a simulation into components and the synchronization of these components by message passing. This approach can result in the speedup of the	
6	Evaluating the performance of a unified switching node using a simulated network Kenneth J. Bodzioch, Bernard E. Patrusky December 1976 Proceedings of the 76 Bicentennial conference on Winter simulation	
	Full text available: pdf(750.45 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	This paper describes a program which utilizes a discrete event simulation to drive a real switching node. Empirical measurements of various nodal performance characteristics are gathered and recorded during the exercise of this program to aid in the evaluation and design of candidate future nodal architectures. Applications software and specialized hardware for a unified node which switches both digitized voice and data (packet) traffic were developed and tested in a flexible tes	
7	Design and implementation of a flexible and interactive microprogram simulator M. Mezzalama, P. Prinetto	
	November 1979 Proceedings of the 12th annual workshop on Microprogramming	
	Full text available: pdf(513.00 KB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms	
	In the present paper a microprogrammable architecture oriented simulator is described. This simulator structure may be logically subdivided in four independent blocks: Supervisor, Interface Module, Simulation Monitor, Simulation Routines. A high degree of flexibility is obtained by means of a highly hierarchical structure of software and an easy-to-modify table-driven system description. Moreover particular care has been devoted to user-simulator communication via an easy-to-use	,
8	A methodology for simulating computer systems  Peter L. Haigh  March 1982 Pr ceedings f the fifteenth annual simulation symp sium	
	Full text available: pdf(1.86 MB)  Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms	
	Simulation languages, while providing the modeler with the essential tools for model	



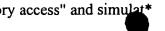
development, do not provide well defined philosophies for modeling specific classes of systems. Although some languages strongly suggest a particular modeling approach, deriving from a particular world view, a methodology must be developed by the practitioner. A methodology for developing simulation models of computer systems is discussed. In all

computer systems there are universal processes which may be b ... 9 Simulation and verification: Efficient simulation of synthesis-oriented system level designs Nick Savoiu, Sandeep K. Shukla, Rajesh K. Gupta October 2002 Proceedings of the 15th international symposium on System Synthesis Full text available: pdf(314.66 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms Modeling for synthesis and modeling for simulation seem to be two competing goals in the context of C++-based modeling frameworks. One of the reasons is while most hardware systems have some inherent parallelism efficiently expressing it depends on whether the target usage is synthesis or simulation. For synthesis, designs are usually described with synthesis tools in mind and are therefore partitioned according to the targeted hardware units. For simulation, runtime efficiency is critical but o ... Keywords: SystemC, simulation, system-level design 10 Simulation education: A crowd of little man computers: visual computer simulator teaching tools William Yurcik, Hugh Osborne December 2001 Proceedings of the 33nd conference on Winter simulation Full text available: Ddf(437.82 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings This paper describes the use of a particular type of computer simulator as a tool for teaching computer architecture. The Little Man Computer (LMC) paradigm was developed by Stuart Madnick of MIT in the 1960s and has stood the test of time as a conceptual device that helps students understand the basics of how a computer works. With the success of the LMC paradigm, LMC simulators have also proliferated. We compare and contrast the current crowd of LMC simulators highlighting visual features. We ... 11 SWiMNet: a scalable parallel simulation testbed for wireless and mobile networks Azzedine Boukerche, Sajal K. Das, Alessandro Fabbri September 2001 Wireless Networks, Volume 7 Issue 5 Full text available: pdf(397.98 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms We present a framework, called SWiMNet, for parallel simulation of wireless and mobile PCS networks, which allows realistic and detailed modeling of mobility, call traffic, and PCS network deployment. SWiMNet is based upon event precomputation and a combination of optimistic and conservative synchronization mechanisms. Event precomputation is the result of model independence within the global PCS network. Low percentage of blocked calls typical for PCS networks is exploited in the channel alloca ... **Keywords:** PCS network models, framework for PCS network simulation, parallel discrete event simulation, performance analysis 12 Toward real time simulation: prototyping of a large scale parallel ground target simulation

December 1990 Pr ceedings f the 22nd c nference on Winter simulation

John B. Gilmer, David W. O'Brien, Jeffery E. Payne

Full text available: pdf(878.73 KB)



Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

13 HAL II: a mixed level hardware logic simulation system Shigeru Takasaki, Tohru Sasaki, Nobuyoshi Nomizu, Hiroshi Ishikura, Nobuhiko Kojke July 1986 Proceedings of the 23rd ACM/IEEE conference on Design automation Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(678.52 KB) terms This paper describes a mixed level hardware logic simulation system, called Hardware Logic Simulator II (HAL II). This paper first shows a HAL II simulation method. Then, it overviews HAL II hardware and software system configurations, simulation mechanism and estimates system performance. The HAL II system can handle a maximum of 5.8 million gates and a high level design language FDL (Functional Description Language). Finally, it discusses system applications and results. The paper also in ... 14 Exploiting model independence for parallel PCS network simulation Azzedine Boukerche, Sajal K. Das, Alessandro Fabbri, Oktay Yildiz May 1999 Proceedings of the thirteenth workshop on Parallel and distributed simulation Full text available: pdf(688.35 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Publisher Site terms In this paper, we present a parallel simulator (SWiMNet) for PCS networks using a combination of optimistic and conservative paradigms. The proposed methodology exploits event precomputation permitted by model independence within the PCS components. The low percentage of blocked calls is exploited in the channel allocation simulation of precomputed events by means of an optimistic approach. %To illustrate and verify the developed approach, Experiments were conducted with various call arrival rat ... 15 An architecture level simulation methodology Paul D. Stigall, Ram Huggahalli April 1991 Proceedings of the 24th annual symposium on Simulation Full text available: pdf(1.24 MB) Additional Information: full citation, references, index terms 16 Dynamic memory usage in parallel simulation: a case study of a large-scale military logistics application Chris J. M. Booth, David I. Bruce, Peter R. Hoare, Michael J. Kirton, K. Roy Milner, Ian J. Relf November 1996 Proceedings of the 28th conference on Winter simulation Full text available: pdf(743.98 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references 17 Using the SimOS machine simulator to study complex computer systems Mendel Rosenblum, Edouard Bugnion, Scott Devine, Stephen A. Herrod January 1997 ACM Transactions on Modeling and Computer Simulation (TOMACS), Volume 7 Issue 1 Full text available: pdf(731.76 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms, review

Keywords: computer architecture, computer simulation, computer system performance analysis, operating systems



18	A comparison	of methods	for	simulating	computer	bus	architecture	<u>s</u>
	Larry Wear							

January 1981 Pr ceedings of the 13th conference n Winter simulation - Volume 1

Full text available: pdf(389.90 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper describes three methods that were used to investigate multiprocessor bus architectures. The models described were implemented in FORTRAN, GPSS, and SIMULA. Characteristics of the three implementations, such as program length, program memory requirements, execution time and ease of use are compared. Results of the simulation of a single bus system are presented to show how the various parameters affect system performance.

## 19 Modeling and simulation in product development

Douglas G. Boike, Edward H. Ernst

March 1982 Proceedings of the fifteenth annual simulation symposium

Full text available: pdf(401.24 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, index terms

As part of the product development cycle, the Xerox Corporation has evolved a modeling and simulation methodology. This paper describes the approach, its use, and value in product development. To provide a common basis for understanding the modeling activities to be discussed, a brief overview of the xerographic process as used in our current duplicator copier products is described. Each of the functions is discussed in terms of how they contribute to the overall systems model and how they ...

## <sup>20</sup> Simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer

J. Archer Harris, David R. Smith

April 1979 Proceedings of the 6th annual symposium on Computer architecture

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index Full text available: pdf(533.62 KB)

The paper describes the results of simulation experiments of a tree organized multicomputer now being constructed in the Department of Computer Science at Stony Brook. First the structure of the multicomputer is introduced. This is based on, (i) separate local memories, (ii) a tree organization mirrored on that of social structures, and (iii) a distributed file system. The simulation studies were designed to illuminate the performance of the multicomputer when cooperat ...

Results 1 - 20 of 200 Result page: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 next

The ACM Portal is published by the Association for Computing Machinery. Copyright © 2003 ACM, Inc. Terms of Usage Privacy Policy Code of Ethics Contact Us

Useful downloads: Adobe Acrobat QuickTime Windows Media Player